HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 4. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1867. WHOLE NO. 3488.

Professional Cards, &c.

D. M'CONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH

Attorneys and Counsellors.

D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates, all legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.–tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.

Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [May 29, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.

☞Refers to—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa. May 20, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.

R. G. McCREARY,
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office. Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. B. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist.—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call. May 29, 1867.

DR. C. W. BENSON HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, cor ner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—1y

OH! YES! OH! YES! THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Address—

HIRAM ALBERT,
May 29, 1867.—tf Clearspring, York Co. Pa.

OH YES! OH YES! The undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License offers his services to the public as a SALE CRYER and will attend to the selling of Real and Personal Property when ever called upon. Having had fifteen years' experience he hopes to be able to give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

JAMES CALDWELL,
Residence, Chambersburg street, Gettysburg.
Oct. 16, 1867.–3m

NOTICE.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either Flour or Feed stuffs, will leave their orders, either with John Criemer or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by
Sept. 25, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

CAPITALISTS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.
J. C. ZOUCK, REAL ESTATE AGENT.
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

HAS TWO NO. 1 STORE STANDS, for Sale or Rent, with Stock of Goods, doing a first-rate business, situated near a Railroad, in splendid villages, healthy locations. A good chance for those wishing to engage in the business. A rare chance is offered if applied for immediately. Possession given any time.

Also, 150 Farms, Mills, Country Seats, Foundries, Machine Shops, Town Lots, &c., in Pennsylvania and Maryland, for sale, ranging in prices from $800 to $40,000.

☞Any person wishing to purchase property, as well as to sell through my agency, will do well to call on the subscriber, or address by letter,

Oct. 30.–3m J. C. ZOUCK, Agent.
Address—New Oxford, Adams county, Penna.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has now thoroughly repaired his GRIST AND SAW MILL, known as "McILHENNY'S MILL" on Marsh creek, and is prepared to do GRINDING AND SAWING of every kind at short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood, and will guarantee satisfaction. Give us a call.
June 12, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

Financial.

THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Is agent for the sale of the first Mortgage

Union Pacific Rail Road.

6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,

at 90 cents on the dollar, payable semi-annually at our counter. All necessary information given.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.
SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.
The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.
STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.
ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced* 1 *per cent.*, viz:
5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 3 months.
Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Oct 30, 1867–tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG

WILL ALLOW
Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:
5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,
4 " " " 6 MONTHS,
3 " " " 3 "

WILL CONVERT
7-30 NOTES INTO 5-20 BONDS AS USUAL *free of charge;*
CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND COUPONS.
Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind free of charge as Commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for
GOLD AND SILVER,
and will pleasure transact all business promptly as heretofore pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 6 1867–tf

Groceries.

JOHN HENDRICKS. HIRAM WARREN.

RECONSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY
GROCERIES
cheap, come to our store in East York street where everything in our line will be sold at a short profit.
Everything kept in a first class grocery, will be found there, also
CONFECTIONS AND NOTIONS,
TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
Produce taken in exchange for goods, cash paid for old iron. ☞Farmers come and see
THE WONDER OF THE AGE,
Warren's Electric Churn,
which makes one-fourth more butter than any other Churn (out of the same cream.) We keep them for sale and will be pleased to show them. Don't forget the place.
HENDRICKS & WARREN.
Gettysburg, Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

BARGAINS
at the new
GROCERY
IN GETTYSBURG.
JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid Assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,
including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,
QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,
Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.
Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS,
Sept. 25, 1867.–tf J. W. CRESS.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.
HENRY OVERDEER,
On the Hill in Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Chopped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish; Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candles, &c., &c.

☞The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.–tf

NEW GROCERY STORE!
TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT
GILBERT,
JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the *Compiler* Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.
Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,
Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,
Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars.
Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.
May 29.—tf

New Grocery & Flour Store.
MEALS & BROTHER,

HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.
May 29, 1866.

Grocery and Liquor Store!
A large assortment of fine
GROCERIES

Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—All kinds of
LIQUORS,
wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.

☞B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters." WM. J. MARTIN,
May 29, 1867.–tf Baltimore st, Gettysburg.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest Market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Feed stuffs, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Ware-house of
Aug. 9 1866. CULP & EARNSHAW.

WM. BOYER & SON,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, NOTIONS,
TOBACCOS,
ALSO,
Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware,

☞A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.–tf

Books, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

DR. R. HORNER'S
DRUGS, STATIONERY AND NOTIONS,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

His own preparations are all guaranteed to answer the purposes intended.

Dr. R. Horner's Anti-Cholera and Diarrhœa mixture, for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Olein for Chapped Hands.

Fragrant Wash, for preserving and beautifying the teeth, and for all diseases of the gums.

His Tonic and Alterative Powders, for Horses and Cattle, are superior to any in the market.

Pure Liquors for medical use. Prescriptions carefully filled.

Medical advice without charge.
June 5, 1867.–tf

Drugs and Medicines.
FORNEY'S OLD STAND.

THE undersigned having taken charge of this old and popular Store, takes pleasure in informing the public that he is constantly receiving fresh supplies of all kinds of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, from the most reliable houses, and is prepared to accommodate his customers with any article in his line

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

of every description, all the popular PATENT MEDICINES of the day, with a full supply of chemicals. Perfumery, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Fluids, Turpentine, Hair Oils, Extracts, Soaps, Brushes, together with a great variety of Fancy articles—in short, everything usually found in a first class Drug Store—constantly on hand.

☞Physicians supplied at reasonable rates, and prescriptions carefully compounded and prepared at all hours of the day and night—Sunday not excepted. Being determined to sell cheap, he would ask a liberal share of public patronage. Give us a call and see for yourselves.

JOHN S. FORNEY.
May 20, 1867.

Carpenters and Contractors.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They Keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order, DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,
And any other Article in the Building Line.
Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.
☞Orders promptly attended to.

WM. C. STALLSMITH,
Sept. 18, 1867 —tf C. H. STALLSMITH.

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schryock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.–tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY.
AND ALL OTHERS
WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the
CARPENTERING BUSINESS
at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
☞Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867. WM. CHRITZMAN.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG
LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, WM. GUINN, and now continues the
LIME-BURNING BUSINESS
himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by preserving the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.
He also continues the
COAL BUSINESS,
offering the most popular kinds. House copers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constantly on hand.
Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
Gettysburg, Nov. 29, 1867.–tf JACOB REILEY.

LIME FOR SALE
AT
Michael Leer's Old Stand
AT
PETERSBURG, Y. S. ADAMS COUNTY, PENN'A.
JOHN AND PETER BECKMAN

WOULD respectfully announce to the public that they are now prepared to furnish lime in any quantity. Persons would do well to give them a call before going elsewhere as they will find them accommodating in every respect.
Nov 29, 1867–6m

LUMBER, & COAL,
AN IMMENSE STOCK!
CORNER OF CARLISLE ST. AND THE RAILROAD,
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

IN order to give the public something like an adequate idea of the immense stock of Lumber, Coal, Stoves, Tin-ware, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by the undersigned, at his establishment, in Carlisle st., across the Railroad from the Passenger Station, he would enumerate as far as the limits of a newspaper advertisement will allow:
IN THE LUMBER LINE:
Boards and Plank of every grade, from cullings to panel, Joists and Scantling, pine and hemlock, Siding, planed and unplaned, Flooring, Shingles, Shingle Laths, Plastering Laths, Pickets, ready-made Doors and Sash, Blinds and Shutters,—in fact, everything used for building purposes.
IN THE COAL LINE:
Shamokin White Ash and Lykens' Valley Red Ash, these two varieties being the purest and best for all domestic purposes. Also the very best Broad-top and Allegheny Smith Coal.
☞For particulars of Stoves, Tinware, &c., see advertisement under head of Stoves and Tinware.

G. H. BUEHLER,
July 3, 1867.

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

☞A supply of Shingles, at low prices, always on hand
Nov. 1, 1866.—tf. JACOB SHEADS.

SHINGLES.—Prime Shingles, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg. [Nov. 1866.–tf

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S MARBLE WORKS
CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE.
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.
MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line, as

MUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES
MANTLES, &c., &c.

in the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.—

☞Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

Forwarding Houses.

NEW FIRM
IN
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS CO., PENNA.
HERSH & BROTHER

HAVE taken the Ware-house recently occupied by D. Hoke.
They are now paying the HIGHEST PRICES for
GRAIN & PRODUCE.
Constantly on hand
CHOICE SELECTIONS
OF
LUMBER, COAL & GROCERIES.

JAMES HERSH,
New Oxford, Oct. 30, 1867. 3m PAUL HERSH.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,
DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware-house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for
FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,
and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,
A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,
Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have
SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,
Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.
Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits. They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,
July 3, 1867.—tf WM. S. HAMILTON.

DANIEL GULDEN,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS,
FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, LUMBER, COAL, &c.

THE undersigned keeps on hand, at his Ware House, known as "*Gulden's Station*," in Straban township on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of
GROCERIES,
including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,
LUMBER AND COAL,
including Building Stuff, Shingles, Laths, Stove and Black smith Coal. Also, Guano, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.
He also pays the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call. DANIEL GULDEN.
Aug. 21, 1867.–tf

FORWARDING
AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By the arrangements we are prepared to convey freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 168 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call. CULP & EARNSHAW.
Aug. 9, 1866.

W. B. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100,000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WARE-HOUSE. WM. B. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on
THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,
in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, White Beans, Hops, Hides, Skins and Furs, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.
GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.
They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.
Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.
They will run a line OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REASONABLE RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard street, near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at anytime. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronise them.
April 19, 1866.—tf BIDDLE & BENNER.

Hotels and Restaurants.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
OPPOSITE THE
N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,
BEACH STREET, BOSTON.
BY F. M. PRATT,
FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.
Oct. 9, 1867.–1y

KEYSTONE HOTEL,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in GETTYSBURG, PENNA.
CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.
May 29, 1867.—tf

Foundry.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

Threshers and Powers,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the

Wire-spring Horse Rake,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Railing for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE—A light Two-horse Wagon, 2 One-Horse Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.
May 29.—tf

The Star and Sentinel.

BETTER THAN GOLD.

Better than grandeur, better than gold,
Than rank and titles a thousand fold,
Is a healthy body, a mind at ease,
And simple pleasures that always please;
A heart that can feel for another's woe,
And share his joys with a genial glow,
With sympathies large enough to enfold
All men as brothers, is better than gold.

Better than gold is a conscience clear,
Tho' toiling for bread in an humble sphere;
Doubly blest with content and health,
Untried by the lust of cares or wealth;
Lowly living and lofty thought
Adorn and ennoble a poor man's cot;
For mind and morals in nature's plan
Are the genuine test of a gentleman.

Better than gold is the sweet repose
Of the sons of toil when their labors close;
Better than gold is the poor man's sleep
And the balm that drops on his slumbers deep.
Bring sleeping draughts to the downy bed
Where luxury pillows his aching head,
His simple opiate labor deems
A shorter road to the land of dreams.

Better than gold is a thinking mind,
That in the realm of books can find
A treasure surpassing Australian ore,
And live with the great and good of yore;
The sage's law and the poet's lay,
The glories of empires passed away—
The world's great drama will thus unfold,
And yield a pleasure better than gold.

Better than gold is a peaceful home,
Where all the fireside charities come,
The shrine of love, the heaven of life,
Hallowed by mother or sister or wife.
However humble the home may be,
Or tried by sorrow with heaven's decree,
The blessings that never were bought or sold,
And centre there, are better than gold.

[FOR THE STAR AND SENTINEL.

LETTER FROM EUROPE.

Germany—Berlin, its Art Gallery and Attractions—Tomb and Mementoes of Frederick the Great—Wittenberg, and the old University Buildings—Memeatoes of Luther and his times—Halle, its Churches, &c.

HALLE, Nov. 10, 1867.

You see I am getting further down into Germany, though it was hard to leave Berlin; some things we didn't see at all, and others we only glanced at. But if we ever are to get back to our homes, we must not stop to see *everything* this side of the water.

Minister Bancroft told us we would have no difficulty in going through Italy; that the Prussian Government regarded the Italian question as *settled*, which information greatly encouraged our hopes of seeing Rome and Naples. Berlin pleased me more than any city I have seen. Its streets, its houses, its palaces. Paris wanes before it in my judgment. The German nation stands above the French; and from all accounts Prussia is spoiling for a fight with France—but may such a tug of war never come! Germany is now united, with Prussia as President, under a Congress, &c., much like our own. My first impressions of Berlin were deepened by our week's sojourn there, and I felt as if the Embassy to that capital was an enviable one.—We had given the medal for magnificent palaces to the Queen of Holland; but now let her hand it over to Prussia. The old "Schloss" was so elegant that we and all the company of visitors had to put on great cloth slippers over our own shoes, and we went shoving over the waxed floors as if in snowshoes; and the proceeding was so ridiculous to our American minds that C—— and I were convulsed with laughter—and we were the more put to because we didn't want to let the usher see our merriment. I have not time to tell you more minutely of the glory of the place, much of which came from Frederick the Great. The Chapel, of recent origin, is superb, and so wondrously varied and handsome that I could by no means take it in during the time we were allowed to remain.—There is much gold and silver coming down from Frederick the Great's time, and great chandeliers of rock crystal. But even the glory of this latter temple of kings was eclipsed by the "New Palace," at Potsdam, which Frederick the Great built after the 7 years' war to show his enemies that he was not bankrupt yet. One room, called the Grotto, is utterly beyond description, and entirely *sui generis*. The floor is marble, and the walls and ceiling are of shells, and pearls, and crystals, and every kind of precious stones and of minerals. The walls have thirteen strata—alternately of marble, and of the materials stated above, let into the wall in their natural state. Great agate stones, and amethysts, and chrysoprasus, and "Labislatzly," and amber, and silver ore, and every other ore. The walls are themselves a magnificent mineralogical and conchological cabinet. There is not its like in the world, I suppose. Here were tables made of alabaster, and tables of chrysoprasus, and vases of Egyptian porphyry, and tables of marble and ebony inlaid with mother-of-pearl!

Frederick's rooms were shown us; his music stand, piano, work table, library and what not! His flutes we saw at the Museum. In his palace were the chains he had for his dogs, with their rich covering all torn by their paws. We were through the picture gallery of "Sans Souci," but the rooms where Frederick died, &c., were not accessible, because the Queen mother was sojourning in the Palace. Towering over the Palace of "Sans Souci" is the celebrated mill which the owner would not sell to the King, and gained his point before the law! 'Tis now a part of Prussia's history. A fine marble statue of Frederick the Great adorns the very extensive Park, and is full of varied sculpture, fountains, &c. A recumbent statue of the beautiful and unhappy Queen Louisa, by Rauch, is admirable.—There is a head of Christ, by Raphael, in the gallery, which Frederick paid 30,000 duckats for. We had not time to go to Babelsiburgh, the palace of the Crown Prince, nor to Charlottenburg, where are some fine monuments. We stood beside the Coffin of Frederick, who though he were "the Great," was still but dust, and the hollow sound of the tin coffin, as we struck it, seemed to tell of the emptiness of human glory and the vanity of worldly ambition.

In the Royal Library are some relics intensely interesting—among them the first prints of the German Bible, with corrections in Luther's own hand; his own Hebrew Bible—Melancthon's,—and many other like things.—Here we saw the identical Magdeburg Hemispheres used by Guericke in experimenting on the weight of air, and inventing the first air-pump!

The Egyptian antiquities in the Museum were both interesting and amusing. The Berlin Museum is one of the finest in the world! We hadn't time to do it justice.

Minister BANCROFT, to whom I had a letter from Hon. EDWARD MCPHERSON, received us very kindly; and it did me good to converse with an educated man; while our short stay only whetted my appetite for more of the same kind of enjoyment. We left on Friday morning, C—— going to Dresden and Prague, while I hie me away to Luther's haunts. My first stop was at Wittenburg. Soon I was standing by the tombs of Luther and Melancthon in the church where the Reformer preached, and on whose door he nailed his first declaration of war against Popery. I saw the now broken hour glass which timed his discourses, and bought a copy of his seal! Then I went to what used to be the University, and saw Luther's rooms; his study containing the table on which he wrote, his chair (in which I sat,) with a place also for his Katarine, the illustrated stove which was made to the Reformer's order. Here is a bust of him taken from his corpse. Over the door of the adjoining room (his bed chamber) is the name of Peter the Great written by that man with a piece of chalk, and now covered with glass to protect it. In the room is one of Luther's beer-mugs (for he seems to have had many), and his wine glass all in pieces; for Peter the Great did so little a thing as to throw the wine glass on the floor, because he was not allowed to carry it away with him! There also I saw two embroideries by Luther's wife, and his own letter explaining his seal of which I have a copy.

Then I went to Melancthon's study, the room where he died, and a nice young lady showed me through it. I took a look at the houses, once inhabited by Lucas Cranach and by Hamlet. In the market-plats are memorial statues to Luther and Melancthon, the latter of which I like the best. I also stood under the oak that marks the place where Luther gave the Pope's Bull so warm a reception.—And having seen all these things of surpassing interest, I came on to Halle, where I have been two days.

This morning I attended service in Francke's Institution, with 300 or 400 men and boys, whose voices threatened to lift the roof off!—Afterwards I went through parts of the extensive buildings which are the products of Faith and Love! At noon, there was a mass meeting in the square below my window, to listen to a military band play some excellent music. This evening hand organs have been thick as bees; the theatre is in full blast, and shops are selling all they can!—all under the shadow of the church steeple; and I am persuaded the pulpit is not a standing rebuke to these things, or they could not flourish so! I attended the Markskirche at 5 o'clock—cold as a barn—for there is no fire in Continental churches; Tholuck preached in the Dom-kirche this morning; but I did not want to hear him. 'Tis past 11 o'clock, and I must rise at 4 in the morning and go to Erfurth and Eisenach. So good night! My next letter, by God's mercy, will likely be from Vienna.

Truly, yours, &c.,
H. L. B.

SOLOMON'S THRONE.

The following account of this remarkable piece of mechanism purports to be taken from the Persian manuscript, called "The History of Jerusalem:"

The sides of it were of pure gold, the feet of emeralds and rubies intermixed with pearls, each of which were as large as an ostrich's egg. The throne had seven sides; on each side were delineated orchards full of trees, the branches of which were of precious stones, representing fruit, ripe and unripe; on the tops of the trees were to be seen figures of plumage birds, particularly the peacock, the dauh and the karges. All these birds were hollowed within artificially, so as to occasionally utter melodious sounds, such as the ear of mortal never heard. On the first step were delineated vine branches having bunches of grapes, composed of precious stones of various kinds, fashioned in such a manner as to represent the various colors of purple, violet, green and red, so as to render the appearance of real fruit. On the second step, on each side of the throne, were two lions of terrible aspect, large as life, and formed of cast gold.

The nature of this remarkable throne was such that when Solomon placed his foot on the first step, the birds spread their wings and made a fluttering noise in the air. On his reaching the third step, the whole assemblage of demons, and fairies, and men, repeated the praises of the Deity. When he arrived at the fourth step, voices were heard addressing him in the following manner: "Son of David, be thankful for the blessings which the Almighty has bestowed upon us." The same was repeated on his reaching the fifth step. On his reaching the sixth, all of the children of Israel joined them; and on his arrival at the seventh, all the birds and animals became in motion, and ceased not until he had placed himself on the royal seat, when the birds, lions and other animals, by secret springs, discharged a showeroff the most precious perfumes on Solomon, after which two of the Karges descended and placed the golden crown upon his head.

Before the throne was a column of burnished gold, on the top of which was a golden dove, which held in its beak a volume bound in silver. In this book were written the Psalms of David, and the dove having presented the book to the King, he read aloud a portion of it to the children of Israel. It is further related that on the approach of evil persons to the throne, the lions were wont to set up a terrible roar, and to lash their tails with violence, the birds also, and the demons and genii to utter horrid cries; so, for fear of them, no one dared be guilty of falsehood, but all confessed their crimes. Such was the throne of Solomon, the son of David.

SWIFT'S HUMOR.—Dean Swift was walking in the Phœnix road, Dublin, when a thundershower came on, and he took shelter under a tree, where a party was sheltering also, two young women and two young men. One of the young girls looked very sad, till, as the rain fell, her tears fell. The Dean inquired the cause, and learned that it was their wedding-day; they were on their way to the church, and now her white clothes were wet, and she couldn't go. "Never mind, I'll marry you," said the Dean; and took out his prayer-book and there and then married them, their witnesses being present; and to make the thing complete, he tore a leaf from his pocket-book, and with his pencil wrote and signed a certificate, which he handed to the bride. It was as follows:

Under a tree in stormy weather,
I married this man and woman together.
Let none but Him who rules the thunder,
Sever this man and woman asunder.

JONATHAN SWIFT,
Dean of St. Patrick's.

HOME PAPERS.—Recollect if a home weekly paper is to be supported, home influence must do it. Every dollar sent to an Eastern paper is at the expense of the local journal. A county acquires prominence through its papers more than in any other way, and to every one who has the interest of his county at heart, his home paper is a necessity. Never will such a man take a paper from home until he is able to take a second paper. His first paper will be his home sheet, and he will so identify his own interest with that of the county paper, as to consider his subscription as much a matter of yearly duty as payment of his taxes.

A VISIT TO THE MUMMIES.

An American, now travelling in Egypt, had the curiosity to enter a cave used as a sepulchre for

The Star & Sentinel.

Wednesday, December 4, 1867.

Advertisers and others interested will please bear in mind that the Regular Circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is considerably more than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 10,000 persons.

All advertisements to secure immediate attention, must be handed in on or before Tuesday morning.

CONGRESS.

Both Houses have voted to take the usual Holiday recess, and will adjourn on the 20th inst., to the 6th of January.

A vote of the bill for the further security of Civil Rights in the District of Columbia, was expected yesterday or to-day.

The President "pocketed" the same bill at the July Session.

The Committees are groaning under an accumulation of bills, petitions, and resolutions, and a laborious and extended session is inevitable. We are glad to learn that a comprehensive financial system is in preparation which promises when matured, to place upon a just and equitable footing the tax and revenue system of the country, to relieve business of the oppression put upon it by the Secretary of the Treasury, to equalize taxation, and to distribute it among all classes, and every species of property.

The PRESIDENT has sent to the Senate a message containing his reasons for suspending Secretary STANTON. The document is under the seal of secrecy; but an abstract has been given to the press, which, if correct, shows a very poor case. None of the allegations go to establish misconduct, crime, or incapacity—the only issues upon which the law permits suspension. The facts will undergo thorough investigation in the Senate. There is an impression that if restored to his right to the office, Mr. STANTON would then tender his resignation.

The House on Monday, adopted, by a vote of 111 to 32, resolutions denouncing the doctrines of the President's message, and affirming its determination to take no backward steps in protecting all and promoting the cause of equal rights, and that the Reconstruction acts will not be repealed.

MAJ. GEN. S. W. CRAWFORD, has been assigned by the War Department to the command of the Military District of Kentucky. Gen. CRAWFORD is a native of Franklin county, and distinguished himself as a gallant soldier in the late War, being severely wounded at Antietam.—He led the gallant charge of the Pennsylvania Reserves, which broke the Rebel line near Round Top, on the second day of the Battle of Gettysburg. The Louisville papers cordially welcome the General to his new command. The *Democrat* of Dec. 3, says:

"We take unfeigned pleasure in announcing that Maj. Gen. S. W. CRAWFORD has been placed in command of the Military District of Kentucky, comprising the troops stationed in this State. The service possesses few more able, courteous, gallant or more consummate gentlemen than Gen. CRAWFORD. He won his spurs by distinguished service in the East under Grant, and participated in the crowning glories of the last campaign against Lee. A native of Pennsylvania and a sound Union man, it will be his duty, as it is his pleasure, to so manage the affairs of the district as to cause neither apprehension nor jealousy among our people. Gen. BURNSIDE, the former commander, has been ordered to Vicksburg on court-martial duty."

GREELEY, noticing the Copperhead slang about the intermarriage of Africans with persons of the White European races, gives this hard hit:

"All know that there are several hundred thousand mulattoes in this country; and we presume no one has any serious doubt that the fathers of at least nine-tenths of them are White Democrats. And we hold that these Democrats, if they *will* have yellow children, might better than otherwise treat the mothers respectively as wives, after the laudable pattern of that eminent Democrat, Vice-President Richard M. Johnson. Everybody knew what were the colors of his wife and children; yet they didn't cost him the support of a single White Democrat—New York and Connecticut giving him their whole Electoral Vote.—Hence we conclude that the Democratic aversion to color in wedlock is neither general nor sincere."

We notice that the Copperhead press, in announcing the defeat of the Republican candidate for Mayor in Pittsburg, give it as "another Democratic victory." It is thus they delude and bolster up the courage of their adherents. The truth is the result of the municipal election in Pittsburg has no political significance at all. It turned purely on local issues—BLACKMORE, the Reform candidate, who was supported by the Working-men's association, beating RIDDELL, the regular Republican nominee. All that the "Democrats" had to do with it, is that they cast their votes for BLACKMORE, and thus helped the Republican Reformers and Working-men to defeat RIDDELL. But it wouldn't do to tell the whole story.

THE call for the Republican National Convention has the true ring, and states the issues clearly. The Republicans ask the co-operation of all Unionists as against Secessionists; of all Patriots as against all Traitors; of all Economists as against all Spendthrifts; of all who desire the early restoration of the Rebel States as against all who would keep the Union torn and bleeding; and of all who accept the Republican principle as the only safe foundation of Republican Government.

The day named is as auspicious as the call. It is the same week in which Mr. LINCOLN was nominated in 1860.

THE old Rebel leaders are "stirring" in all the Southern States. A recent Convention brought out such Traitors as BOCOCK, SCOGGIN, and LETCHER of Virginia, who think it is very hard they should be deprived of the control of public affairs. They want to vote for the next Copperhead candidate for President, and to be returned to their old places in Congress.

THE London *Times* thinks the Republicans would make a fatal mistake to nominate Gen. GRANT for the Presidency. The *Times* thought it a mistake in the Republicans to put GRANT in command of the Armies, and retain him in "fighting trim" on that line.

JEFF DAVIS has recently been spending some time with Col. GEORGE W. HUGHES, of the neighborhood of Annapolis, Maryland, a former Democratic Member of Congress, and one of the leading secessionists of that State.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The meeting of the Republican National Committee, in Washington, on Wednesday last, was fully attended. The Committee decided to hold the next National Convention at Chicago, on Wednesday the 20th of May. Cincinnati contested with Chicago the honor of entertaining the Convention, but the vote stood: Chicago, 19; Cincinnati, 10. The fixing of an early date is supposed to be favorable to Gen. GRANT's nomination, his friends urging an early day. Each State will be entitled to twice the number of delegates that it has Senators and Representatives in Congress. We annex the official call issued by the Committee:

"The undersigned, constituting the National Committee designated by the Convention held at Baltimore on the 7th of June, 1864, to appoint that the National Convention of the Union Republican party be held at the city of Chicago, Ill., on Wednesday, the 20th day of May next, at twelve o'clock, M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States. Each State of the United States is authorized to be represented in said Convention by the number of delegates equal to twice the number of Senators and Representatives to which such State is entitled in the National Congress. We invite the co-operation of all citizens who rejoice that our civil war has happily terminated in the discomfiture of the rebellion; who would hold fast the unity and integrity of the republic and maintain its paramount right to defend to the utmost its own existence, whether imperilled by secret conspiracy or armed force; who are in favor of an economical administration of the public expenditures, of the complete extirpation of the principles and policy of slavery, and of the speedy reorganization of those States whose governments were destroyed by the rebellion, and their permanent restoration to their proper practical relations to the United States, in accordance with the true principles of republican government.

(Signed) MARCUS L. WARD, Chm'n.
JOHN D. DEFREES, Sec'y."

A. H. H. STUART of Virginia, Chairman of the recent antediluvian Convention in that State—called to help to restore Rebels to power—complained in his speech of two things:

1st, That the promises made by the Government to Virginia have not been kept; and,

2d, That Congress had inaugurated a policy to put the Southern States in the control of what he calls "an inferior race."

As to the *first* charge, it is true that Virginia appeared to do what President JOHNSON required; but it refused to *comply with the terms which Congress prescribed*. JOHNSON had no right to bind the law-making power; and VIRGINIA had no right to accept JOHNSON'S suggestions as final and conclusive. Had Virginia ratified the XIVth Amendment and made her laws conform to the legislation of Congress, she could have been at once restored *as Tennessee was*. She deliberately and contemptuously refused; and she was then placed under military power for purposes of re-organization and re-construction on a plan which would ensure loyalty and freedom. For all which, her leaders are alone responsible.

Second,—It is unnecessary to determine how far "inferior" a loyal Black is to a White Traitor. But it is not true that the Blacks are a majority of the registered vote of Virginia. They are in a minority of over 20,000. It is true that Congress has temporarily disfranchised those whites who once took an oath to support the Constitution and then broke it. But the number is not large, and comprises generally the worst men of the State who were largely responsible for its share in the Rebellion. When Reconstruction shall be completed, even these great criminals shall be enfranchised; and government in these States will then rest in the body of the whole people. Until then, these Rebels must "take back seats."

FOREIGN NEWS.

European despatches state that on Friday an attempt was made to rescue Col. Burke, one of the Fenian leaders, confined in Clerkenwell prison, by exploding a barrel of powder under one of the prison walls in his cell. The explosion was a terrible affair.—Twenty houses were blown down, three persons killed outright, and forty wounded, the prison being in one of the most populous parishes of London. Burke did not escape. The city of London was deeply excited by the event, the press demanding that there should be no more leniency to Fenianism, which is denounced as "a mixture of treason and assassination." The public funeral ceremonies in honor of the Fenians executed at Manchester, which were to have taken place in many of the English cities, were prevented by the authorities. In London six thousand regular troops were under arms to prevent an outbreak.

NAPOLEON has been forced to abandon his proposed General Conference for the settlement of the Roman question. The speech of the French Minister, M. Rouher, so clearly showed that the Conference was to be called merely to give its assent to a plan already marked out by Napoleon, that all the great Powers at once declined to take part in it.

THE South is not so thoroughly reconstructed that it will not bear more watching. The Memphis *Appeal*, of the 1st, expresses the sentiments of thousands of ex-rebels when it says: "The people of the South will have the right, at any future time, to throw off the governments about to be imposed on them by force and fraud united, and to annihilate the constitutions which are not their act and deed. They may, they will, for a time, submit to these governments and these constitutions, but they are built on the sand and can not endure. If they were even to accept them by their votes, and make them their own shameful work, they would not thereby irrevocably cede away their liberties, and their right to govern themselves and the inferior race that is encamped, a mere horde of foreign barbarians, alien in blood, in the land which belongs to the only race that has ever proven itself competent to the task of self-government."

GRAND LODGE OF MASONS.—At the regular quarterly session of the Grand Lodge of A. Y. M., held at the Masonic Hall, Chestnut street, Philadelphia, on Wednesday, December 4th, the following were elected officers of that body: Richard Vaux, R. W. Grand Master; R. A. Lamberton, R. W. Deputy Grand Master; Samuel C. Perkins, R. W. S. G. Warden; Alfred R. Potter, R. W. J. G. Warden. These officers will be installed on St. John's Day, December 27th, at the Annual Communication, to be held on that day.

DOWN ON SHERMAN.—The "reconstructed" rebels don't like Gen. Sherman. A Hummingbird, (Ky.) correspondent of the Louisville *Courier* writes:

"Nobody here seems to want Sherman for President. *All say they would vote for him if he had not made that little raid to the sea.* The Democrats are all for Pendleton."

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CUMBERLAND.—Thomas and Henry Lee have sold to Henry Line, two farms in Dickinson township, 220 acres, for $80,000.—Charles H. Hepburn has been elected Cashier of the 1st National Bank of Carlisle, *vice* Joseph C. Hoffer, resigned.

DAUPHIN.—Mordecai McKinney, Esq., a well known member of the Dauphin county bar, was crossing the railroad track in Harrisburg, on Saturday last, when one of the street cars struck him, knocking him down, and passed over his legs, crushing both—one of them so badly as to require amputation.—On Friday last, Michael Sherk, a prominent merchant in Hanover tp., was killed while putting a hogshead into his cellar, the hogshead falling on him and crushing his ribs into his lungs.

FRANKLIN.—M'Grath's Hotel, in Chambersburg, has been sold to Mr. Jacob Lightfoot, of Fayetteville, for $5,500. The County Commissioners have made the following appointments:—Counsel, Wm. S. Everett, Esq.; Clerk, George Foreman; Physician to Jail, Dr. John Lambert; Mercantile Appraiser, M'Ginley Skinner; Janitor to Court House, Samuel McGowan.

FREDERICK.—On the 5th inst., two prisoners, Charles Ford and Thomas Murray, escaped from the Frederick jail, by sawing the bars of the window and letting themselves down from their window with a rope.—James McSherry, Esq., has been appointed Counsel to the Board of Commissioners.—A shooting affray occurred on the 3rd, at Fishing creek, between Adam Alberts and Joseph Wood, resulting in the death of the latter, who was charged with intimacy with Albert's wife.

LANCASTER.—Dr. Charles J. Budd, of Philadelphia, has been elected Professor of Natural Sciences in Franklin and Marshall College, at Lancaster.—George Funk, aged 11, was drowned Monday last, while skating on the Susquehanna, near Columbia. The Ferry at Columbia has been closed by ice.

WASHINGTON.—Eli Masters was way-laid on the evening of the 5th inst., on his way from Hagerstown to his home, by three men, who knocked him down with a club and robbed him of $550 and a revolver.

YORK.—On the night of the 3rd inst., the store and dwelling of Henry S. Overmiller, in Windsor township, was destroyed by fire, with store goods, furniture and wearing apparel—the family escaping in their night clothes.—The first overseers of the poor were elected at York, for York county, on the 26th of March, 1750, during the reign of George II. —Hanover was known at one time by the name of McAllistertown, and before the Revolution was called the "*Rouge's Resort*."—It derived the latter name from the fact that refugees from justice were in the habit of making it a place of resort.—Jeremiah Kohler has sold the "Railroad House," in Hanover, to Jesse Kohler, for $8,311.

GENERAL NEWS.

REV. Dr. MacLean has resigned the Presidency of Princeton College.

EX-PRESIDENT Buchanan is said to be very feeble at his home near Lancaster, Pa., and is not expected to live over the winter.

GENERAL Pope has ordered an election for the ratification of the new Constitution of Alabama, to be held on the 4th of February.

PRESIDENT Johnson has purchased a farm in Greenville, Tenn., and intends to reside there after the close of his term of office.

GEN. Ord has ordered the assembling of the Reconstruction Conventions of Arkansas and Mississippi, on the 7th of January, the first at Little Rock and the second at Jackson.

FLORIDA has chosen a Convention by about 800 majority over the number of votes necessary to *secure* it, and by 14,031 over those polled "against a Convention."

THREE epochs happened in a single day to a Toledo man. His wife died at nine o'clock, he buried her at three, and married another at six.

GENERAL Grant has issued an order to the Military Commanders in the South investing them with a supervisory power over the Freedmen's Bureau, thus virtually making the latter subordinate to the military authorities.

TEXAS is now the only State in which no reconstruction election has been held. The registration, however, is completed, and shows 56,666 whites and 47,430 blacks. In 1860 the State cast about 63,000 votes.

KATE Tuttle, a young woman, threw herself under the train passing over the Syracuse and Binghampton (N. Y.) Railroad last week, and was so horribly mangled that she died in a short time.

A WOMAN, named Anna Boone, in New York, last Thursday, attempted to kill herself and four children by administering to herself and them laudanum, on account of extreme poverty. She was at one time in good circumstances.

THEY have earthquakes at St. Thomas at the rate of 47 in 24 hours, at about one in every 30 minutes, and in St. John recently they had 114 in eight days.—For these desirable residences we believe Mr. Seward wants us to pay $7,500,000 in gold.

A LITTLE four year old child in Portland told his father he was a fool. On being reprimanded by his mother and required to say he was sorry, he toddled up to the insulted parent and exclaimed, "Papa, I'm sorry you'se a fool."

MURDERS in England, are reported to be, in proportion to the whole population, one in every 675,000; in Holland, one in 163,000; in the North German Bund, one in 100,000; in Austria, one in 77,000; in Spain, one in 4000, and in the Papal States, one in 750.

FULLY one third of the whole amount of sugar consumed in the world is manufactured from beets; and immense quantities of raw beet sugar are imported into England for their refineries, competing very successfully with the cane sugar from the West Indies and elsewhere.

DARING ROBBERY.—About, 10 A. M. on Friday last a messenger of the Bank of the State of New York was passing through William street, near Wall, New York, having in his possession a satchel containing exchange checks to the value of $3,000,000. A sleigh, with three men drove up and stopped beside him. The men jumped out and one seized the messenger by the throat and held him while the others wrested the satchel from his grasp. The party then leaped into the sleigh and drove rapidly away.

THE Portsmouth (Ohio) *Tribune* publishes some facts which develop the means by which the Republican majority of five hundred in Scioto County, last year, was transformed into a Copperhead majority this year. In the First Ward of Portsmouth but fifty seven Republican votes were returned by the Judges of Elections. An investigation having been held, ninety-nine witnesses have sworn in open court that they voted the Republican ticket in that ward at the last election. Beside these, there are several known Republicans who voted at the last election, but who are now absent from the city. The number of ballots counted correspond with the number of names on the poll-list. It therefore follows that a number of Republican ballots—at least forty-two and probably considerably more—were abstracted from the ballot box and Copperhead ballots placed there in their stead, making a Copperhead fraudulent gain equivalent to nearly a hundred votes.

THE NATIONAL RAILROAD—525 Miles COMPLETED.

A few days ago it was announced that "500 miles of the Union Pacific Railroad had been completed west from Omaha;" and the bare announcement was made the text for many interesting facts concerning the history of this great national enterprise, and the wonderful rapidity with which its construction had been carried forward. The public had hardly begun to appreciate the fact that half a thousand miles of railroad had been built in two years into and through what had been an untenanted waste, before the telegraph told of the celebration of the completion of the 517th mile, and the public welcome given to the locomotive by the City of Cheyenne, which two months before had no existence, but which now numbers its inhabitants by thousands. This fact was also proudly commented upon as an illustration of the restless vigor with which this Railroad was being built, but while the people have been reading these congratulatory paragraphs, the tracklayers have kept steadily at work, and the last bulletin announces the completion of 525 miles. How much greater distance will be accomplished before this article shall be seen by our readers, we will not venture to predict.

The whole history of this Railroad is wonderful. It has the advantage of such liberal national aid as was never before given to any private undertaking; its officers and promoters are men of national reputation and large financial experience; the road is being built under the largest railroad contract of which we have any record; the security offered its bondholders exceeds that of any other similar loan, as these bonds constitute a first mortgage upon the entire road, while the Government accepts a second lien as its own security for advances, the amount of its business when the through line shall be completed must of necessity be enormous, and its local traffic and profits upon the portion now in operation are unprecedented. We are sure that the further information concerning this National Railroad which will be found in another column, will be read with especial interest.

THE HOLIDAYS.—The approach of the Holidays is unmistakably indicated by the large stocks of new goods to be seen at the several Confectionery and Variety Stores in our place. Prominent among these is the lately enlarged establishment of J. M. WARNER, in Baltimore street, nearly opposite to FAHNESTOCKS' Store. Noted for good taste and enterprise in his business, he has this time really outdone himself—having laid in, when in the cities, such a stock as is rarely seen in a country town, and not often found in any single establishment in the cities.—His Confectionery articles embrace everything, from the cheapest home manufacture to the finest French; of Toys, his variety is almost endless, embracing many novelties; whilst of Mantle and other Parlor Ornaments, he has an assortment of which he is specially proud, and which he feels must be appreciated by an intelligent community.—Whilst his articles are fine, they are cheap—quite as cheap as they can be had in the cities. He invites everybody—male and female—old and young—from town and country—to call and examine his immense and attractive stock, and then satisfy their Holiday wants. Every taste can be gratified and every pocket suited. It

CHRIS KRINGLE having established his headquarters at E. H. MINNIGH'S, in Chambersburg street, next door to the Keystone House, that is the place to find anything and everything suitable for Christmas presents. Mr. MINNIGH has an unusually large assortment of Holiday goods, which cannot fail to please every taste, and win golden opinions from his numerous customers. All he asks is that the public shall give him a call and examine the thousands of novelties he exhibits, and the buying part will be sure to follow. Such beautiful goods at such moderate prices, must induce any number of sales. In Confectionery and other sweet things he can't be beat—neither in Toys, Parlor Games, Holiday Books, &c., &c., &c., which he could string out to the length of half a dozen newspaper columns. But as this cannot be done, he must content himself with asking everybody to come and see for themselves, assured that the satisfaction to be derived from an examination of his varied assortment will repay the trouble of a visit. It

THE BEST THING YET.—We have recently had sufficient evidence of the excellence of Mr. Speer's Port Grape Wine, which not only convinces us that all we can say in its praise is deserved, but that we are really conferring a favor on ourreaders in advising them to use it. The wine is pure grape wine, entirely unmixed, and the most agreeable and delicious in flavor of any we ever tasted. Of its medicinal qualities, we entertain the very highest opinion, and upon the evidence of our own observation. Three bottles of this wine have nearly effected a perfect cure in the case of our little boy, who has been seven years afflicted with incontinence of the urine. A great number of remedies have been tried without benefit, and the most eminent physicians consulted with a like result. Speer's Port Grape Wine is effecting a cure. We have given this testimony without the knowledge of Mr. Speer in the hope that others may be induced to try the virtues of this wine.—*Mr. Pangborn, Editor of Jersey City Times.*
Sold by druggists. 1t

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—Do you want to select something acceptable as a Christmas Gift? SOPER & MCCARTNEY have just the articles you want—Watches, Clocks, Gold Rings, Breast-Pins, Bracelets, Watch Chains, Ear Rings, and Jewelry of all kinds, specially adapted for Holiday Presents.—Call at their establishment in York street, opposite the Bank, and examine their large assortment. All goods warranted to be what they are represented. 1t

HAVE you secured a Certificate of the Washington Library Company of Philadelphia in aid of the Riverside Institute for educating orphans? Each Certificate costs a dollar with a beautiful engraving worth more than a dollar at retail, and secures besides, a present in the Great Distribution, by the Company, and an equal chance that your present may be one worth thousands of dollars. You may become rich by doing a benevolent act. Read advertisement. 1t

A TRUE BALSAM.—DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM of Wild Cherry is truly a balsam. It contains the balsamic principle of the Wild Cherry, the balsamic properties of tar and of pine. Its ingredients are all balsamic. Coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, and consumption, speedily disappear under its balsamic influence. 1t

☞ The robber Time, that steals the sweetness from all fruits and flowers, is baffled by Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus." Its aroma is less perishable than that of foreign extract, essence or toilet water, and incomparably more delightful.—*Hart. Courier.* 1-3

GIFT BOOKS, by standard authors, Fancy Articles, ornamental and useful, Stationery, Perfumery, &c., for holiday presents, at A. D. BUEHLER'S Book Store. See advertisement. 1t

SOME OF THE GOOD ingredients of other Hair Preparations enter "BARRETT'S."—The *poisonous drugs* are left out and will never get in. 1t

THE region in the West which has been suffering from drought so long, has now been visited with an abundant rain, and it is reported that the wheat has taken a fresh start in consequence.

Special Notices.

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Where the article is known it is a work of supererogation to say one word in its favor, so well is it established as an unfailing remedy for *Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma*, of the *Throat, Chest* and *Lungs*, as well as that most dreaded of all diseases, *Consumption*, which high medical authority has pronounced to be an *incurable disease*. Those who have used this remedy know its value; those who have not, have but to make a single trial to be satisfied that of all others it is *the remedy*.

THE REV. JACOB SECHLER,
well known and much respected among the German population of this country, writes as follows:

HANOVER, PA. Feb. 16, 1859.

MESSRS. S. W. FOWLE & SON, Boston.

DEAR SIRS:—Having realized, in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago, one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of it there was a great improvement in her health. I have, in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefited by it. *I would, however, caution the public against imposition because there is a good deal of spurious Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry afloat throughout the country.*

JACOB SECHLER.

None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS" *on the wrapper.*
Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont st., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.

From Mr. JAMES CURLIN, of Amesbury, Mass.

"I was afflicted with a severe felon on one of my fingers, and tried many remedies without relief. My friends induced me to apply your Salve. In two days it extracted the inflammation from my finger so as to enable me to resume my work. I can almost say that the Salve worked like magic, for it effected a cure without leaving a scar. I unhesitatingly pronounce *Grace's Salve* an excellent remedy and do not doubt it will be appreciated throughout the land."

ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors.
Sold by Apothecaries and Grocers generally.
Dec. 4.-1m

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MEDICINES IN THE WORLD.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect *cures* effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the system and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists White & Howland, Proprietors
Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

April 4, 1867.—1yeow

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS GENERAL DEBILITY,

and all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

A work of real value, and an almost indispensable companion of the Bible, showing what the Bible is not, what it is, and how to use its answering all the objections to its authenticity urged by modern infidels, and tracing the authority of each book up to its inspired authors, giving a vast amount of information heretofore locked up in very rare and costly volumes, making one of the most popular books ever published.

1000 AGENTS WANTED.

Experienced Agents, clergymen, ladies, schoolteachers and others should send at once for circulars giving further information. Address,

ZIEGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
Oct. 2—3m 501 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a long standing case and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.—Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No 165 South Second st., Williamsburg, New York.
June 5, 1867.—y

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland) No. 806 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. Nov. 20, 1867.—y

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in half the time and at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor and immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

SPEER'S WINES are pure Juice Grape Wines and excel in purity and richness most of our native vintages. They are used in Churches for communion purposes and in hospitals for invalids and convalescents on account of their purity and reliability. [Sept. 18.-1y

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS and debilitated whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Are you weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flecky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, stupid, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the future gloomy as a brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those who are generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear rich men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business: they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by runing to excess. These will surely ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic—HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists every where.
April 30, 1867.—1y

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.
Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP.

COLGATE & CO'S ERASIVE SOAP.

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers.
[May 16, 1867.—1y

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
826 Broadway, New York.
June 5, 1867.—1y

THE New York Nation calls attention to the fact that the indebtedness of the United States is not only a far lighter debt than the English have borne unflinchingly for a hundred years, but is "a far lighter debt than the Dutch have borne without a murmur for two hundred years without extraordinary resources, without increase of population, and without any great political future."

Real Estate Sales.

VALUABLE TANNERY AT PRIVATE SALE

The subscriber, wishing to give up the Tanning business, offers at Private Sale, his valuable TANNERY, situate on South Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., including Brick Beam Shop with 1 pool, 2 limes, and six handlers; Brick Currying Shop; Brick and Frame Bark Mill House; 38 lay-away Vats on the yard, with 8 Leaches and room to add any additional number—constant running Spring water, never-failing, in tan-yard and shops.

This Tannery is located in a region where good Bark is abundant at reasonable prices. Possession of the Tannery will be given to the purchaser immediately, if desired, with a supply of bark to run it.

There is besides a large Two-story BRICK DWELLING on the property, with Spring House, Smoke House, Wood shed, Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon Shed and other outbuildings, with a well of water and also hydrant at kitchen door, with running water through Spring House. There is a variety of best quality of growing Grapes and Fruit on the premises. The property is in good condition, and in every respect a most desirable residence and business stand.

Also, will be sold, A LOT OF GROUND adjoining above, containing 1½ Acres, more or less, with an Apple Orchard and a first-class Spring and Bathing Establishment on it.

Also, A LOT OF GROUND, on the Emmitsburg road, one-half mile from town, containing 8 Acres, which the purchaser can also have, if desired.

☞ Persons desiring to view the premises, or ascertain further particulars, will address the subscriber, residing in Gettysburg, Pa. JOHN WINEBRENNER.
Sept. 18.—tf

FOR RENT OR SALE,

ONE OF THE BEST TAN-YARDS IN THE COUNTY.

The undersigned will rent for a term of years or sell his TAN-YARD at New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., capable of tanning 4,000 sides of Leather per year; it being in complete running order—all under roof, with Bark Sheds sufficient to hold 400 cords of Bark. This is one of the best Retail Stands in the County. The best quality of Bark can be had at reasonable prices. There is a good Steam Engine attached, which could be had with it if desired. Terms reasonable. Address,

PETER DIEHL,
Dec 11.—6t* New Oxford, Pa.

A DESIRABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, the old DOBBIN DWELLING, at the junction of the Taneytown and Emmittsburg roads, in the borough of Gettysburg. The house is substantially built of stone, and contains twelve large rooms. There is a strong, never-failing Spring of first rate water in the basement and 1½ Acres of land connected with it. The location is a very pleasant one, and with a little additional outlay this could be made one of the most comfortable and desirable homes in the borough or its vicinity.

Nov. 13, 1-tf JOHN RUPP.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber will sell his VALUABLE FARM, in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., containing THREE HUNDRED ACRES.

The Improvements are good, a large BRICK HOUSE, Switzer Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House, &c. The land is all Granite soil, and in a good state of cultivation.

THIS IS ONE OF THE BEST WHEAT AND GRASS FARMS IN THE COUNTY,

and would answer well for a Dairy. There are three wells of never-failing water, and a running stream through the farm, furnishing never-failing water in nearly all the fields.

The farm will be sold in parts of 100 and 200 Acres, to suit purchasers.

I will also sell my DWELLING HOUSE, on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, which is a very desirable property.

☞ Any person wishing to view the properties will be shown them by the subscriber, living in Gettysburg.

Oct. 23, 1867.—tf R. MCCURDY.

FARMS FOR SALE.

I will sell the Farms,

No. 1. Lying on the Harrisburg and Gettysburg road between York Springs and Heidlersburg, containing 124 ACRES, with improvements, now occupied by James Miller. Price $25 per acre.

No. 2. Lying on the Carlisle and New Oxford road, between Heidlersburg and New Chester, containing 125 ACRES, with good improvements, now occupied by George J. Shank. Price $50 per acre.

Terms: One-half to be paid on the delivery of the deed; the balance to suit the purchaser, either in cash or in first judgment Bonds of not less than $200 for No. 1, and $400 for No. 2, to be good annually with interest.

☞ These Farms are patented, the limestone is said have been mined.

May 20, 1867.—tf W. F. BONNER.

CHESTNUT LAND AT PRIVATE SALE.

I will sell 150 ACRES, 2 miles west of Mill restown,—The Timber is principally Chestnut with some Black Oak and Walnut. The land is easy of access and the soil first-rate.

150 Acres can be easily cleared and the Timber will pay for the land and clearing, as a portion of it will get into Rails to the Acre. There are two capital Springs on the Farm. It will be sold in a body or in 50 per acre lots to suit—together it would make a nice Farm for a man with small means. ☞ For terms,

Address, JNO B. PAXTON.
Fairfield, Pa., Dec 4, 1867.—tf

FOR SALE,

A Valuable MERCHANT MILL,

BANK MILL and SAW MILL, with 40 ACRES OF LAND. Known as "Sandoe's Mill," on Marsh creek, in Union county, Pa., 4 miles northeast from Emmitsburg, and 6 miles southwest from Gettysburg, all in good order, water power heavy, and in a good grain country.

ALSO—

One other Mill, known as "Hollinger's Mill," with 60 ACRES OF LAND, one mile from Abbottstown, on the Hanover turnpike. All in good order.

GEORGE ARNOLD.
Aug. 7, 1867.—tf

FOR SALE.—A Choice FARM, in a high state of cultivation, 231 ACRES; 100 bushels of Lime to the acre; 70 Acres in Timber; large Brick Barn and Brick Dwelling: plenty of Fruit, &c.; 3 miles west from Gettysburg

ALSO—

One other very desirable FARM, containing 125 ACRES 25 Acres in TIMBER; buildings good; adjoining Sandoe's Mill property. 6 miles south from Gettysburg. $20 per Acre will buy this farm.

GEO. ARNOLD.
August 7, 1867.—tf

CHO

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Wednesday, Dec. 18, 1867.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

☞ See fourth page for Agricultural column.

FRANKLIN ZOUAVES.—We are requested to state that this Company will meet for drill and parade in Middletown, on Saturday the 28th inst., at 9 A. M. Every member will be expected to be present in full uniform.

NEW BUILDING.—Mr. JOHN RUPP has contracted with STALLSMITH & SON, for the erection of a new dwelling, on the site of his present residence, on South Baltimore street. It will be two-story frame, ornamental and in cottage style, and will be quite an improvement to that portion of the town.

JURY LIST.—The list of Grand and Petit Jurors for January Court, drawn under the new system, will be found in another column. It will bear scrutiny. The marked improvement in *personale* and political *status* of the Jurors, amply vindicates the beneficent workings of the new Jury Law.

DETECTED.—An attempt was made one evening last week by some villain to steal a horse from the stable of CHARLES DIEHL, in New Oxford. He had succeeded in getting a horse out of the stable, when he was observed by Mrs. DIEHL, who gave an alarm, when he fled, leaving the horse in the barnyard.

☞ We notice by the N. Y. *Tribune* that ISRAEL S. DIEHL, son of PETER DIEHL, Esq., of New Oxford, has returned from his visit to Asia Minor, and lectured before the Association for the advancement of Science and Art at their annual meeting, in New York, on the 9th inst., describing the countries that he had visited, their inhabitants, and their religion and customs.

☞ It is known to most of our readers that Rev. H. LOUIS BAUGHER and T. D. CARSON, left some months ago for a tour in Europe. On our first page will be found some extracts from a recent letter from the former, written from Halle. Although a private letter, and not intended for publication, it will be found interesting. We hope to be favored with other letters.

WILD CAT SHOT.—While John W. King, of Fairfield, was out on a night hunt some weeks ago, his dog "treed" what was supposed to be a raccoon. Mr. King climbed the tree, and with a single-barreled pistol shot the animal, wounding but not killing it. Crippled as it was, it made at him when rapidly re-loading the pistol, (a breech-loader,) he fired again, killing it instantly. Instead of a 'coon, it proved to be a wild cat of very large size, and a very ugly looking customer to deal with.

SALES.—Hon. T. Stevens has sold a two story house, with lot of ground, in East Berlin, to Col. F. B. Picking, of this place.

Rev. Dr. Schmucker has sold to John L. Burns 19 acres of land on Seminary ridge for $1800.

J. V. Danner has sold to John Biesecker his house and lot in Fairfield for $1600.

John Johns has sold his house and lot in Fairfield to Barnard Reilly for $1200.

Wm. H. Rupp has sold to James Wilson, for $965, the house and lot on York street, lately purchased by the former from Jesse M. Walter.

COUNTY VALUATION.—The Annual Statement of the taxable Real and Personal Property, Trades, Occupations, &c., in Adams county, required by the act of 1842, will be found in our advertising columns. For convenience of comparison we annex the aggregate valuations of 1866 and 1867, viz:

	1866.	1867.
Real Estate,	$4,174,629.00	$4,429,967.00
Live Stock,	671,498.00	657,683 00
Money Matters,	559,104.00	552,656.00
Professions and Occupations, under $200,	232,236.00	234,346.00
Professions and Occupations, over $200,	10,100.00	10,400.00
Salaries and Emoluments, over $200,	1,500.00	1,500.00
Stages and Hacks, 5 mills,	510.00	510.00
Carriages, 1 per cent.,	78,752.00	82,166.00
Watches,	132.00	117.00

It will be seen that there is an *increase* in the valuation of 1867, in Real Estate of $255,338; Professions and Occupations under $200, $2,110; do. over $200, $300; Carriages, $3,314—while there is a *decrease* in Live Stock of $13,815; Money Matters, $6,448; Stages and Hacks, $0; and Watches, $18.—Salaries and Emoluments over $200 are the same.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.—The winter session of Pennsylvania College will close on Saturday. The number of Students has been larger than at any previous session.—The friends of Rev. Dr. BAUGHER will regret to learn that his health has not been good for the last month or two. Dr. B. has been connected with the Institution, as Professor and President, since its organization, and has devoted himself with marked fidelity to his laborious duties. May he be speedily restored to health, and live many years to witness the fruits of his successful educational labors, and enjoy the honors due to an accomplished scholar and Christian gentleman.

We learn that the Building Committee has contracted with WILLIAM C. STALLSMITH & SON, for the erection of two new Professors' dwellings, on the College campus. They are to be built in Cottage style, after plan prepared by Mr. SIMONS, of Harrisburg.

Yesterday morning the Students in the Preparatory Department had a pleasant time in presenting their Instructors with testimonials of regard. Mr. FISHER, in the name of his class, presented Prof. EBERHART (the Principal), with a beautiful copy of the Bible, while Mr. STAHL presented Mr. PARSONS (1st assistant), an elegant copy of Milton, and Mr. SWOPE presented Mr. GILBERT, 2d assistant, with a gold Pen, Pencil and Case. The Junior class also, through Mr. YOUNG, presented Mr. PARSONS with a well-furnished rose-wood Writing Desk. The presentations were accompanied with appropriate speeches, which were responded to by the recipients, to whom the whole affair was a pleasant surprise.

TO THE CHRISTIAN PUBLIC.—The citizens of Gettysburg, without distinction of creed or party, are invited to attend a meeting, to be held in Christ Church, in this place, on Thursday evening the 19th inst., which will be addressed by J. J. STEVENSON, Esq., of Philadelphia, and others, on behalf of the National Association for securing certain Christian amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and of such State Constitutions as are destitute of Christian features.

The undersigned respectfully urge upon the attention of the members of the churches committed to their care the propriety of taking part in this important movement, which aims to introduce into the Constitution of the United States the substance of the following amendment:

"We, the people of the United States, [acknowledging Almighty God as the source of all authority and power in civil government, the Lord Jesus Christ as the Ruler among the nations, and his Will, revealed in the Holy Scriptures, as of supreme authority, in order to constitute a Christian government], form a more perfect union, establish justice, ensure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America."

CHAS. A. HAY, EDSALL FERRIER, G. W. BOYER, E. BRIDENBAUGH, W. R. H. DEATRICK.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—We have been furnished with a detailed and carefully prepared report of the proceedings of the Teachers' Institute, held in New Oxford, a few weeks ago, which we should have cheerfully published, had it reached us in due time. The material facts, however, have already appeared in the condensed reports published last week and the week before. We annex the Resolutions adopted by the Institute, viz:

1. That time has tested and proven the utility of our County Institute; and that we consider it to be an indespensable aid in securing the efficient working of our system of popular education.

2. That it is the duty of all teachers to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded by the annual meeting of teachers in convention; and the few who, without good cause, have failed to do so, have been faithless to the cause in which we are engaged.

3. That we tender our thanks to the directors, who have granted the time to attend this convention; and sincerely regret that some have been so blinded to the best interest of the community as not to grant the time.

4. That we recognize in Mr. Sheely, our efficient and worthy County Superintendent, an earnest co-laborer in the cause of education; and that the thanks of the Teachers of Adams County, and friends of education generally, are due him for the faithful manner in which he has discharged his laborious duties.

5. That we recommend to the Teachers and Directors of Adams County, Payson, Denton and Scribner's System of Penmanship.

6. That irregular attendance of pupils is one of the greatest evils in our schools.

7. That we earnestly call upon all Teachers, and friends of education in Adams County, to unite with us in our efforts to elevate the standard of teaching, and condition of our Common schools.

A number of Resolutions of thanks were also adopted—to the Directors of Oxford district for the use of their School building; to the Trustees of the Lutheran church for the use of the church; to the members of the Choir for music; to the citizens of New Oxford for their kindness and hospitality; to the landlords of the "Washington" and "Franklin Hotels," for entertaining teachers at reduced rates; to the Gettysburg and Littlestown Railroads for reduced fare; to the gentlemen who delivered Addresses; and to the officers of the Institute for the faithful discharge of duty.

The following Districts granted to their Teachers permission to attend the sessions of the Institute, which ran through five days viz:—Gettysburg, Hampton, Liberty, Freedom, Oxford, Berwick Borough, Hamilton, Conowago, Reading, Straban, Mountjoy,

SPECIAL COURT.—The Special Court, held last week for trial of postponed civil cases, adjourned on Friday, three cases having been disposed of, viz:

CATHARINE GORDON, now LIVINGSTONE, Administratrix with the will annexed of HENRY GORDON, dec'd, vs. A. D. GORDON Administrator of WILLIAM EYLER, deceased. Plaintiff claimed to recover on sealed note executed in 1850, by WILLIAM EYLER, deceased, with interest. The defendent plead payment with leave, &c., and called witnesses to prove conversations with and admissions of HENRY GORDON, in his life-time, in aid of the common law presumption of payment from lapse of time. The Jury believing this equitable defence had been made out, rendered a verdict for defendant.

Caledonia Cold Springs Company vs. Cumberland Valley Mutual Protection Company. Suit to recover on Policy of Insurance for $5,000, the Springs building having been destroyed by fire on the night of Dec. 24, 1862, as was supposed, by incendiarism. The Defendants refused payment on the ground that the Plaintiffs had abandoned the building and that it was untenanted at time of fire, claiming that thereby the risk had been increased and the policy voided. The Court ruled out the offer of defendants to prove these facts, as not being, even if established, a legal defence—that an Insurance company, insuring a dwelling or building assumes as part of the risk the hazard of temporary non-occupancy. Verdict, under instructions of the Court for $6,413 33, amount of insurance and interest.

JOHN GRIBBLE and GIBSON SMITH, Administrators of HANNAH BOWERS, deceased, vs. JACOB STITZELL. Plaintiffs claimed to recover balance on bond of $1,000, dated April 1, 1864, executed by defendant, and also for moneys had and received by defendant for use of HANNAH BOWERS. Defendant plead payment with leave, and set-off, and undertook to show that neither the bond or moneys received were to be paid, but were to be cancelled by services rendered by defendant. The evidence not being satisfactory to the Jury, a verdict was rendered for Plaintiffs for $889.52.

Land and Hamiltonban. Menallen and Berwick tp., each granted three days; Mountplesant two days; Highland, one-half the time. The following Districts declined to grant the time, viz:—Cumberland, Franklin, Latimore, Huntingdon, Tyrone, Union, Germany and Littlestown.

The importance of these annual meetings of Teachers, as efficient aids in the development and improvement of the Common School system, is begining to be generally accepted. The law recognizes them, and we hope to see the time when Directors will not only grant the time but require their Teachers to attend these Institutes, and when every Teacher will regard it his duty to be present.

SNOW.—Snow to the depth of 8 or 10 inches fell in this place on Thursday last, bringing out the merry sleigh-bells for the first time this season. The storm materially interfered with the trains on the various railroads, and for a few days sadly disarranged the mails. The weather has since been very cold and the sleighing capital.—On Saturday morning the mercury stood at 2 deg. above zero.

The storm seems to have been very general, the snow blocking up the railroads throughout New England, New York and the Western States. As far south as Richmond snow fell to the depth of six inches.

"HOW CAN YE BLOOM SO FRESH AND FAIR?" goes the old Scotch song.—How? Why, those who show the bloom of health on their cheeks take Plantation Bitters, which has the power of fortifying the system against disease, and of regulating the digestive apparatus. Are you dyspeptic, weak, void of energy? Have you little or no appetite, headache, continued lassitude and depression of spirits? Take S. T.—1860—X., and bloom and beauty will return. The Bitters have become a household friend.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price. Dec. 16-2t

WORTH MORE THAN PREMIUMS.—The testimony of thousands of business men all over the world to the excellence of FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES, from actual use for many years, is more valuable than any premiums. In addition to this, they have received more premiums than all other scales, including the highest at the Paris Exposition. It

ONE OF THE FINEST INSTITUTIONS OF CARLISLE.—WM. BLAIR & SON'S *Wholesale and Retail Grocery, Queensware, Glassware, and Cedarware Store.* Those wishing to purchase the very finest quality of *Groceries and Wares* will be sure to find them at our Store, at lowest cash prices.—Please call and see the largest stock of Goods offered outside of the cities.

It WM. BLAIR & SON.

CHRISTMAS.—The Christmas holidays are rapidly approaching, and doubtless visions of "Santa Claus" and "Kriss Kinkle" —candies and sugar plums—have for weeks been disturbing the dreams of the little folks, while the waking thoughts of older heads have been equally busy in looking up gifts and arranging for a proper observance of the great festival. Recognized by the Catholic, Episcopal, and German churches generally, as one of the most important festivals in the ecclesiastical calendar, it is rapidly being accepted by all classes as a season of hilarity and good will. The festival, as everybody knows, is designed to commemorate the birth of our Saviour, and hence its name, *Christmas*—derived from the Latin words, *Christus* (Christ) and *Missus* (sent) —literally, *Christ-sent.* The time of year in which the mysterious incarnation of the Son of God occurred, is involved in doubt. The narrative in the inspired record, as to the shepherds who watched their flocks by night, the finding of the babe in the manger at Bethlehem, &c., makes it probable at least that it did not occur in mid-winter. Indeed the Christian Church in the first and second centuries was much divided on this point—the festival being observed by different portions of it in almost every month of the year, from January to December.

The fixing of the 25th of December was the act of Julius I., the Pope or Bishop of Rome from 337 to 352, A. D., this date corresponding with the period then observed in most of the Western, in contra-distinction to the Eastern, Churches. The selection of this date was doubtless largely influenced by the fact that the Pagan nations generally observed the same period as a festival in honor of their deities, which, under various names, symbolized the Sun or Fire. Out of the same fact largely grew the custom of making gifts, wreathing churches in evergreens, erecting Christmas trees, &c., which now characterize our Christmas observances.

The Goths, Saxons, and Celtic nations generally in Northern and Western Europe, were worshippers of the Sun or Fire, and regarding the Winter Solstice as a most important part of the year—the beginning of the renewed life and activity of the forces of nature—these nations from the oldest times celebrated this season with the greatest festivities, in honor of their great deity, Odin or Woden, (Sun), in whom these forces of nature were symbolized. Hence the Yule-feast, in commemoration of the return of the fiery "sun-wheel," among the Germans, who believed that during the twelve nights from December 25 to January 6, they could trace the personal movements and interference on earth of their great deities, in breaking up the icy chains of Winter. During this season, the people gave themselves up to rejoicing and feasting. Work and business were suspended; houses were decked with laurels and evergreens; fires were kindled in and out of doors; presents were made by parents to children, and exchanged between friends. Among the ruder nations, (the Druids especially), the festival degenerated into the most licentious orgies, accompanied by sacrifices of cattle, and even human life, to propitiate their deities. As Christianity spread into Western Europe the power of the Church was brought to bear upon these pagan rites; but denunciation failing to suppress them, the Christian festival of Christmas was introduced as a substitute; and hence the customs of making presents, decking churches with evergreens, the visitations of Santa Claus, &c. (borrowed from the pagan festivals), which have been super-added to the religious observances prescribed by the Church.

Whatever the origin of these customs, they are now time-honored. Prudently conducted, they become innocent sources of pleasure, and we believe in their observance.—While duly honoring the religious festival, which commemorates the great love of God in the gift of his Son for the redemption of a sin-ruined world, let it also be marked in every household as an occasion of rejoicing and good-will. Especially let the hearts of the little ones be made glad by joyous anticipations and still more joyous realizations, even if their fore-castings do not rise above visions of "sugar plums." Welcome "Santa Claus," with his merry, good-natured face, and pockets full of toys; don't be afraid of a little fun. Put up the "Christmas Tree," and let it be loaded with mementoes of affection and good-will, as between parents and children, brothers and sisters, friends and relatives. Let the "old folks" become children again, while the "little folks" have life's pathway lighted up with glad memories of Christmas eve. Make home supremely happy for at least one day in the year. Nor stop there. Let your sympathies go out broadly and freely on Christmas eve, and while you light up your own homes with kindly greetings and innocent mirth, see to it that those who feel the pinching pressure of poverty, share the bounties wherewith Providence has blessed you.—Remember the poor.

We conclude this "local," by reproducing, for the benefit of our young readers, CLEMENT C. MOORE'S fanciful sketch of the visit of St. Nicholas, on Christmas eve, which they have doubtless all read and re-read, but which, we feel assured, they will be glad to see again in print:

A VISIT FROM ST. NICHOLAS.

'Twas the night before Christmas, when all through the house
Not a creature was stirring, not even a mouse:
The stockings were hung by the chimney with care,
In hopes that St. Nicholas soon would be there;
The children were nestled all snug in their beds,
While visions of sugar-plums danced in their heads:
And mamma in her kerchief, and I in my cap,
Had just settled our brains for a long winter's nap;
When out on the lawn there arose such a clatter,
I sprang from my bed to see what was the matter.
Away to the window I flew like a flash,
Tore open the shutters, and threw up the sash.
The moon on the breast of the new-fallen snow
Gave the lustre of mid-day to objects below;
When, what to my wondering eyes should appear,
But a miniature sleigh and eight tiny reindeer,
With a little old driver, so lively and quick,
I knew in a moment it must be St. Nick.
More rapid than eagles his coursers they came,
And he whistled and shouted and called them by name:
"Now, *Dasher!* now, *Dancer!* now *Prancer!* and *Vixen!*
On, *Comet!* on, *Cupid!* on, *Donder!* and *Blitzen!*
To the top of the porch, to the top of the wall!
Now dash away! dash away! dash away, all!"
As dry leaves that before the wild hurricane fly,
When they meet with an obstacle mount to the sky;
So up to the housetop the coursers they flew,
With the sleigh full of toys and St. Nicholas too:
And then in a twinkling I heard on the roof
The prancing and pawing of each little hoof.
As I drew in my head and was turning around,
Down the chimney St. Nicholas came with a bound.
He was dressed all in fur from his head to his foot,
And his clothes were all tarnished with ashes and soot;
A bundle of toys he had flung on his back,
And he looked like a peddler just opening his pack.
His eyes, how they twinkled! his dimples, how merry!
His cheeks were like roses, his nose like a cherry!
His dear little mouth was drawn up like a bow,
And the beard of his chin was white as the snow;
The stump of a pipe he held tight in his teeth,
And the smoke it encircled his head like a wreath.
He had a broad face and a little round belly,
That shook when he laughed like a bowlful of jelly;
He was chubby and plump, a right jolly old elf,
And I laughed when I saw him in spite of myself
A wink of his eye and a twist of his head
Soon gave me to know I had nothing to dread.
He spoke not a word, but went straight to his work,
And filled all the stockings—then turned with a jerk,
And laying his finger aside of his nose,
And giving a nod, up the chimney he rose.
He sprang to his sleigh, to his team gave a whistle,
And away they all flew like the down of a thistle—
But I heard him exclaim, as he drove out of sight,
"*Merry Christmas to all, and to all a good-night!*"

CHRISTMAS GOODS.—Our Merchants and business men generally have opened stocks of goods of various kinds, suitable for for Christmas presents, and from the large display, there can be no difficulty in meeting the wants of all, whether in the line of Dry-Goods, Wearing Apparel, Books, Confections, Toys, or what not. Examine our Business Directory in another column, with corresponding advertisements, and you will know where to get just what you want, and at reasonable prices. Most classes of goods are now selling as cheaply as before the war.

GETTYSBURG BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

(*See Advertisements.*)

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

R. G. McCreary, York street, in residence.
McConaughy & Krauth, Chambersburg st., in residence.
D. Wills, on Public Square, in residence.
A. J. Cover, Baltimore street, in residence.
D. A. Buehler, Baltimore street, in residence

BARBER.

J. W. Tipton, N. E. cor. Public Square.

BAKERY.

Newport & Ziegler, Washington st. near Chambersburg st

BOOT & SHOEMAKERS.

D. H. Klingel, Balt., between Middle and High

CABINET MAKERS.

Garlach & Trimmer, South Baltimore street.

CONFECTIONS, TOYS, &C.

J. M. Warner, Baltimore street, first square.
S. M. Gilbert, Baltimore street, second square.
E. H. Minnigh, Chambersburg street.
J. M. Minnigh, Baltimore street, first square.

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son, York street, first square.
Wm. Chritzman, West street, near Chambersburg.
Bachman & Rowe, Baltimore street, third square.

CARRIAGES, &C.

Danner & Ziegler, Middle street, near Baltimore.
Tate & Culp, Washington st., near Chambersburg.

CLOTHING.

George Arnold, corner of Diamond and Chambersburg st.
W. T. King, York st., opposite Bank.
F. B. Picking, Baltimore street, first square
T. C. Morris, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacobs & Brother, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, corner of York and Public Square.

COAL, LUMBER, LIME, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets.
Jacob Sheads, on Railroad, West of Stratton.
Jacob Reilly, corner of Stratton and Railroads.

DENTIST.

J. L. Hill, Chambersburg street, opposite Eagle Hotel.

DRUGGISTS.

A. D. Buehler, Chambersburg st., near Public Square.
J. S. Forney, Baltimore street, first square.
E. Horner, Chambersburg st., opposite Christ's Church.

DRY GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers, cor. of Baltimore and Middle sts.
J. L. Schick, cor. Baltimore and Public Square.
Dupborn & Hoffman, cor. Carlisle and Public Square.
Rebert & Elliot, Balt. st. opposite the Court-house.
A. Scott & Sons, cor. Chambersburg and Washington sts.
Geo. Arnold, cor. Diamond and Chambersburg st.

FORGE AND FOUNDRY.

David Sterner, West street.

FOR WARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSES.

Culp & Earnshaw, cor. Washington and Railroad.
W. F. Biddle & Co., cor. Stratton and Railroad.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle st.

GROCERIES, &C.

J. Cress & Son, cor. Chambersburg and Public Square.
Wm. Boyer & Son, York st., opposite National Bank.
Meals & Bros., Middle street, east of Washington.
Henry Overdeer, Baltimore st., third square.
Wm. J. Martin, cor. of Baltimore and High streets.
Hendricks & Warren, York street, first square.
S. M. Gilbert, Baltimore street, second square.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Baltimore and Middle streets.
Culp & Earnshaw, cor. Washington and Railroad streets.
W. F. Biddle & Co., cor. Stratton and Railroad streets.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle st.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Danner & Ziegler, Baltimore street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, corner Baltimore and Middle sts.

HARNESS, &C.

D. McCreary & Son, Baltimore st., opposite Pres Church.
J. M. Rowe, Baltimore street, third square.

HATS, CAPS, SHOES, &C.

S. S. McCreary, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Bruchart, corner of York st., and Public Square.
T. C. Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.
Colean & Shriver, Chambersburg st.

HOTELS.

Eagle Hotel, J. L. Tate, proprietor, corner Chambersburg and Washington.
Keystone House, W. E. Myers, proprietor, Chambersburg street, opposite Christ's Church.

LIVERY STABLES.

N. Weaver, Washington st., north of Chambersburg.
T. T. Tate, Washington st., near Eagle Hotel.

MARBLE YARDS.

John Carbon, corner of Baltimore and Middle streets.
Meals & Brother, York st., east of Stratton

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

C. J. Tyson, York street, opposite National Bank.
Levi Mumper, Baltimore st., first square.

PHYSICIAN.

J. W. C. O'Neal, Baltimore street, near High.

PRINTING OFFICE.

Star & Sentinel, Baltimore st., midway between the Court House and Public Square, west side.

STOVES, TINWARE, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad
S. G. Cook, York st., directly opposite the National Bank.

SEGAR STORE.

Washington Biechaver, Chambersburg st., below Washington.

WATCHMAKERS.

Soper & McCartney, York street, opposite Bank.

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain and Produce Market.

Baltimore, Tuesday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	9 50 @ 10 00
EXTRA FLOUR	10 50 @ 11 00
WHITE WHEAT	2 35 @ 2 80
RED WHEAT	2 35 @ 2 70
CORN	1 20 @ 1 26
RYE	1 60 @ 1 70
OATS	72@ 75
BUCKWHEAT	4 50 @ 5 00
TIMOTHY-SEED	2 50 @ 2 75
CLOVER-SEED	7 50 @ 8 00
BACON, HAMS	17 @ 18
" SIDES	12 @ 13
" SHOULDERS	11@ 12
HOGS, ₹ 100 lbs	@
BEEF CATTLE, ₹ 100 lbs	@
HAY	22 00 @ 25 00
WHISKEY	@
GOLD, Phila	1 34

Gettysburg Grain and Provision Market.

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning

SUPER FLOUR	9 50
EXTRA FLOUR	10 00
WHITE WHEAT	2 20 @ 2 30
RED WHEAT	2 10 @ 2 30
CORN	90 @ 1 10
RYE	1 30
OATS	55
BUCKWHEAT	1 00
TIMOTHY SEED	2 50
CLOVER SEED	6 50
POTATOES	1 00 @ 1 10
BUTTER	35
LARD	9
EGGS	25
BACON, HAMS	14 @ 15
" SIDES	10
" SHOULDERS	10
SOAP	7 @ 8
TALLOW	10

MARRIED.

BITTINGER—MYERS.—On the 5th inst., by Rev. J. K. Miller, Mr. Amos Bittinger, of Arendtsville, to Miss Mary C. Myers, of Franklin county.

BOYER—SUESSEROTT.—On the 12th inst., by the Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, at the residence of Dr. J. L. Suesserott, Chambersburg, Mr. Charles A. Boyer, of this place, to Miss Ellen M. Suesserott, of the former place.

CALER—OHLER.—On the 10th inst., by Rev. S. Henry, Mr. George S. Caler, of Union township, this county, to Miss Amanda S. Ohler, of Emmittsburg, Md.

CARSON—HOUCK.—On the 12th inst., by Rev. M. Sneider, Mr. George C. Carson to Miss S. E. Houck, both of this county.

CROMER—STAUB.—On the 3d inst., at the house of the bride's father, by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr Levi Cromer to Miss Mary Agnes Staub, both of New Chester.

IRVIN—HARMAN.—On the 5th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage, in Arendtsville, by Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. Elijah Irvin to Miss Nancy Harman, both of this county.

LEBAR—BLAIR.—On the 10th inst., by Rev. D. W. Wolff, Mr. Simon Lebar, of Fountain county, Indiana, to Miss Amelia Brame, of Tyrone township, this county.

LINGG—FELIX.—On the 19th ult, by Rev. Father Filan, Mr. Michael Lingg, of Conowago township, to Miss Henrietta Felix, of Liberty township.

MYERS—LEASE.—On the 28th ult., by the Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr. Lemmon Myers to Miss Susan, oldest daughter of Jesse Lease, Esq., both of this county.

MYERS—MYERS.—On the 8th inst., by the Rev. S. Henry, Mr. Josephus H. Myers to Miss Maria Myers, both of Carroll co., Md.

NIX—SINGRAF.—On the 28th ult., by Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr. Melchior Nix to Mrs. Christiana Singraf, both of this co.

OVERHOLTZER—HARBAUGH.—On the 26th ult. by Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr. Martin C. Overholtzer, of Liberty township, to Miss Sarah E. Harbaugh, of Frederick co., Md.

SLIFER—HOWARD.—On the 15th inst., by Rev. E Breidenbaugh, in St. James' Lutheran Church, Mr. John Slifer, of near Littlestown, to Miss Annie L. Howard, of Straban township.

SHRIVER—FORNEY.—On the 17th inst., by Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich, Mr. Jacob Edward Shriver to Miss Lucy A., daughter of Mr. Mark Forney, of Cumberland township.

STRICKLAND—MASONHEIMER.—On the 8th inst., by Rev. S. Henry, Mr. John Strickland to Miss Barbara E. Masonheimer, both of Carroll county, Md.

TROUP—RAFFENSPERGER.—On the 5th inst., by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr. E. H. Troup to Miss N. J. Raffensperger, both of Latimore township.

WHALER—STRINE.—On the 3d inst., by Rev. S Henry, Mr. Jacob Aaron Whaler to Miss Alverta C. Strine, both of Union tp.

DIED.

CARSON.—On the 3d inst., near Lower's Mill, Nora C. Carson, in the 6th year of her age.

MINNIGH.—On Wednesday evening last, in this place, Mr. Henry S. Minnigh, aged 59 years 7 months and 7 days.

SETSMAN.—On the 3d inst., at the Alms House, Mr. Frederick Setsman, aged about 65 years.

TAYLOR.—On the 20th ult., in Hamiltonban township, Mrs. Margaret Taylor, aged about 85 years.

New Advertisements.

ESTRAY.—CAME to the residence of the subscriber, in Straban township, about the middle of September last, a White RAM SHEEP, with no special marks. The owner will please come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away.
Dec. 18.–3t ABRAHAM TANEY.

NOTICE.—The Annual Meeting of THE ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will be held in the Court-House in the Borough of Gettysburg, on the FIRST MONDAY OF JANUARY, (6th,) 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M. The annual election for Officers will be held at the same time and place. Polls to remain open between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.
Dec. 18.–3t EDW. G. FAHNESTOCK, Secretary.

Mantua Making & Stamping

Mary M. Van Orsdal & Miss Wilson

HAVING commenced the Mantua Making business respectfully request their friends and the public generally to give them a call. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case.

PLAIN STICHING & SEWING

done to order. Our place of business will be found in the rooms formerly occupied by Miss Mackley, on York St., nearly opposite the Lutheran Church.
Dec. 18.–3m

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The regular Monthly Drill of the GETTYSBURG ZOUAVES, will take place on the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, (New Year's Day,) at 10 o'clock, A. M. Every member of the Company is requested to be present, as business of importance will be before the Company. Every member is also requested to provide himself with 15 or 20 rounds of *Blank Cartridges.* The commanding officer also requests, that the members in arrears pay their dues, &c., up to date from Head-quarters, that the members will be compensated for their services in the future.
By order of the Captain,
Dec. 18, 1867.–2t W. R. EYSTER, *O. S.*

HOLIDAY BOOKS!

A. D. BUEHLER

HAS just received a large assortment of *CHOICE AND STANDARD BOOKS*, suitable for

Holiday Presents,

by the most popular authors—

LONGFELLOW,
WHITTIER,
DICKENS,
TENNYSON,
MISS MULBACH,
MAYNE REED, &c.,

Also—ALBUMS AND FANCY ARTICLES, useful and ornamental, Stationery, Perfumery, &c. Call and examine
Dec. 18, 1867.–tf

Notice to Capitalists!

PERSONS desiring of investing, and realizing nearly NINE PER CENT., are requested to call at the

Gettysburg National Bank,

AND OBTAIN CIRCULARS OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

AND ALSO

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COS. GRATIS.

These investments are daily growing in favor and sales increasing.

☞ BONDS can be had at all times at this Bank and where all information concerning said investments will be cheerfully given.
Dec. 18, 1867.–tf J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned take this method of informing the public that they still carry on the

Cabinet-making Business,

in all its varied branches, and that they now have on hands a large assortment of

BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,

Tables, Corner Cupboards, Safes, Sinks, Stands, Dressing Bureaus, Chairs, of different kinds; in short every thing in the Cabinet-making line.

ALSO, READY-MADE COFFINS, AND COFFINS MADE TO ORDER.

All of which will be finished promptly, at the old stand, on South Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tannery. The undersigned having had over 30 years experience in the business, flatter themselves that they can make as good work as any others, if not better. New beginners and others will find it to their advantage to call and buy from us, as we are determined to sell as low as possible to suit the times.
GARLACH & TRIMMER,
Dec. 18, 1867.–4m

JURY LIST—JANUARY TERM.

GRAND JURY.

Gettysburg—Robert McCurdy, (Foreman.) Henry Culp, Wm. Boyer.
Highland—George W. Scott.
Cumberland—Wm. Rose, Henry L. Bream.
Hamilton—Jacob Besser.
Tyrone—John Conrad, Ezra M. Myers.
Menallen—Samuel Meals.
Mountplesant—John E Tawney.
Straban—Jeremiah Shriver, Philip Donohue, John N. Boyer.
Latimore—John Martin.
Mountjoy—Silas M Horner.
Oxford—Henry Wiest.
Huntington—George A. Peters, Joseph A. Wierman.
Butler—George B. Hewitt.
Franklin—Daniel K. Snyder, John Cole.
Union—Edward Rebert.
Conowago—Samuel Schwartz.

GENERAL JURY.

Gettysburg—Jacob Riley, Jacob Brinkerhoff.
Straban—Henry A. Picking, John F Kelly.
Franklin—Albert Vanslyke, Daniel Miller, Daniel Kuhn, Moses Baffensperger, Jacob F. Lower, Jeremiah Bicksecker.
Berwick bor—Joseph Wolf, George Davis.
Tyrone—Henry Spangler.
Berwick tp—Elijah Kepner, Levi Kepner.
Reading—Jacob Trostlebaugh, Abraham Bushey.
Cumberland—James Thompson, Wm Currens P. D. W. Hankey, Charles B. Polley.
Oxford—Henry L. Gilbert, John Bushey.
Liberty—John Musselman.
Freedom—David Rhodes, Sr.
Mountjoy—James Spalding, Isaac N. Durborow.
Littlestown—Philip Helmer, Ephraim Myers, John F. McSherry.
Butler—John G. Minter, Henry Hartzel.
Mountplesant—Samuel Shorb, John Reed, Francis M. Buddy, J. A. C. Rinaudo, Joseph Kuhn.
Union—Enoch Lefever.
Hamilton—Henry Lawrence, Henry Wolf.
Menallen—Henry Eppelman, John Burkholder.
Latimore—Isaac D. Worley.
Huntington—Thomas G. Neely, Jacob Zug.
Highland—David Stewart.
Conowago—Peter Neiderer, Henry Gutelius.
Dec. 18, 1867.–tc

SPECIAL NOTICE.

To All Whom it May Concern!

KNOW YE

THAT

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN

HAVE again been to the cities and bought at low prices a full line of Goods, and will sell

MERINOES, 85 cts. to $1 25.

ALPACAS, 50 cts. to $1 25.

DELAINES, 20 cts. to $1 00.

PRINTS, 7 to 14 cents.

MUSLINS, 7 to 25 cents.

CLOTHS, $1 25 to $10.

CASSIMERES, 75 cts. to $3 50.

BLANKETS, $2 50 to $9 pair.

SHAWLS, $1 25 to $11.

FURS, all prices.

HOODS, 50 cts. to $2 50.

GLOVES, 10 cts. to $2 00.

HOSIERY, 12½ to 75 cents.

Northwest Corner of Center Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Dec. 18, 1867.–tf

New Advertisements.

Valuation and Assessment

FOR 1868.

IN pursuance of an Act of Assembly passed the 17th day of July, 1842, the following Statement is hereby published by the Commissioners of Adams county, which exhibits the amount, description and value of the Real and Personal Property, Trades, Occupations and Professions, made taxable by the several Acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth:

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.	Real Estate, by Comm'rs.	Live Stock, 3 mills County.	Money Matters, 3 mills County.	Professions and Occupations, 3 mills County.
Gettysburg	26,690	10600	19535	67980
Cumberland	219607	41780	14606	6790
Germany	121721	22363	16393	4900
Oxford	192514	21895	84825	13610
Huntington	234211	53880	26748	9250
Latimore	145864	26918	19887	7180
Hamiltonban	214241	29852	15065	11475
Straban	282447	49810	37102	8950
Franklin	269608	51090	36920	18565
Menallen	222519	45060	8315	13170
Reading	203625	34429	37496	8461
Hamilton	194543	30524	30500	11240
Mountplesant	268605	49346	18491	7305
Union	240501	33573	84297	4330
Tyrone	155329	29275	5205	3900
Con

The Farmer and Housekeeper.

HOW TO START AN ASPARAGUS BED.

I have told how my neighbor manages his asparagus bed after it is once started. Thinking that some would like to know how to set out an asparagus bed, I inquired how the beds formerly described had been prepared and planted. It seems that before the old man came here he owned a very fine bed, from which he had brought seed. Early in the spring he marked as many of his very best shoots as he deemed necessary, and allowed them to grow up and ripen their seed. This seed he sowed in drills, having thoroughly dug and prepared the ground. Of course the young plants were carefully cultivated and weeded. He prefers plants one year old, and says that older plants are not worth setting out. I have heard different opinions on this point, but I gave his plan as he stated it to me.

In the meantime the ground for the future asparagus bed was dug, or rather trenched deeply, and underdrained with stone drains (tile would, of course, have been better). The soil was made very rich and thoroughly worked, so as to be light and porous. The plants were set in rows twelve inches apart, the plants six inches apart in the rows. The beds are divided so as to to 3½ feet wide, with alleys one foot wide between. In this way he can cultivate his bed and cut the asparagus without walking over the soil—a very common, though very objectionable practice.—The planting should be done in the spring, and if the plants are strong and healthy, the ground in good heart, and the beds properly cared for, a few dishes may be had the second year, although the bed does not come well into bearing until the third year, and not *fully* until the fourth. At the rate of productiveness exhibited by the beds described, a bed 8½ feet wide and 25 feet long would give three or four good dishes per week during the season.

It will thus be seen, that it is by no means a difficult operation to raise this delicious vegetable, and yet I know villages in which there is not one asparagus bed to each hundred houses. If any one after reading what I have written should be smitten with the fever, let them prepare a bed this fall. Next spring one year old plants can be ordered at a low rate from almost any seedsman, and if you follow the directions of our old friend, you will not find it difficult to grow asparagus.—*Cor. Country Gentleman.*

AMERICAN POULTRY EXHIBITION.—The first fall exhibition of this recently organized society is now open in New York, by far the largest show of poultry ever held in this country. There are one thousand chickens, and two hundred and fifty different varieties of fancy stock on exhibition. A letter from that city says:

This show is turned to a good account for exhibition, as it is made a sales-room as well as an exhibition. A large part of the stock has changed hands within the past few days. Every "coop has its price," and some of the fancy stock is exceedingly high. Just imagine how pleasant it must be to eat the eggs from a pair of Houdans that cost $1,000.—Several pairs are marked for sale—price, $280, $300 and $400 a pair. Judging from the prices attached to some of the coops on exhibition, it would be much less expensive to stock a farm with a throughbred herd of neat cattle than the same number of fancy bred chickens, ducks or geese. There is a patent hatching machine on exhibition, price $200, warranted to bring forth three dozen chickens every three weeks. This machine attracts considerable attention from visitors, and all admire the cunning and vigor of a young brood, only a few days old.

THE GRAPE IN THE UNITED STATES.

The grape is widely diffused throughout the temperate climates, and, unlike the peach, the apple and the pear, is often, in its wild state, sweet and delicious.

There are in the United States, east of the Rocky Mountains, at least three varieties which markedly differ. The frost grape grows in many of the states; it is of but little value.—The Scuppernong is found by the river sides in the Southern States. Then there is the wild grape of Pennsylvania, New York—east of the Hudson—and the New England States. This is not found in all portions of these states, but only in some localities. In each state and in many of its localities it shows a plainly perceptible difference. The well known Concord grape is one of the best, if not decidedly the best, of the northern native grapes, unless the Catawba and Isabella are of this class, which, though certified to by some popular botanists, is a matter of grave doubt. The wild grape of eastern Massachusetts differs in some few respects from that of Western Massachusetts and Connecticut, and eastern New York. Found in some woods, or beside some brooks, it is better than that found in other woods or beside some other streams. In some parts of Connecticut it is coarse, pulpy, large and clustered, in others small, sweet and juicy. Wherever found it is generally purple, occasionally it is white or amber.

The character of the berry depends, to no small extent, on the character of the soil in which the seed germinates. The seeds of fine foreign, or American, grapes are often planted by persons desirous of producing a berry that shall be large, mild flavored and luscious.—But not in nine hundred and ninety-nine cases in one thousand is the product different, in main characteristics, from those found wild in the neighborhood and very seldom a particle better.

There seems, however, to be an exception to this, in the hybrid productions of Mr. Rogers, Salem, Massachusetts. This gentleman has fructified the flowers of native grapes with the pollen from the Black Hamburg and has some fifty seedlings, differing from anything before known. It may be that the seed of the grape thus treated has a power not possessed by the seeds of other grapes, and is not affected as they are, by the soil, or it is possible that the soil in Mr. Rogers' garden naturally produces a grape different from those common in the region around, or in any other portion of the country. It is understood that those persons who have followed the Salem horticulturist have not been as successful as he has.

With the exception of the Concord grape, and the seedlings of Mr. Rogers, and one or two others, the fine varieties cultivated, in the open air, in this country were chance productions. These were found where birds had deposited the seeds, which, falling to the earth on propitious soil, had sprung up, and become bearing vines. Their superiority attracted attention as by children their sweet clusters were carried home. They were transplanted, propagated and became famous.

It is doubtful if the grapes of the United States ever equal those of Eschol. But many varieties, now common, are not to be despised. If inferior to some of Europe they are palatable and wholesome. In time there may be new varieties produced by the skill of the horticulturist, or the kindness of mother earth, which shall supersede those now cultivated, and give more satisfaction to those who use aright. A. B.

☞It is worth while for all farmers everywhere to remember that thorough culture is better than three mortgages on their farm.

That hay is a good deal cheaper made in the summer than purchased in the winter.

New Advertisements.

GEO. DUMBOLTON, late of Curran & Co.) C. C. WIRT (of Hanover, Pa.)

DUMBOLTON & WIRT,

Corner of Baltimore and St. Paul streets,

BALTIMORE,

BANKERS, BROKERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Government Securities, Gold, Silver, &c.,

HAVE CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

U. S. 1881 BONDS,

U. S. 5-20 BONDS,

U. S. 7-30 BONDS,

U. S. 10-40 BONDS,

7-30 *BONDS of all issues converted into* 5-20's *upon the most favorable terms.*

☞Persons wishing to convert any description of securities, or make or change investments, can have the same promptly executed.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS for Sale.

☞Deposits received and Interest paid upon balances subject to check at sight. [Dec. 4, 1867.–6m

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!

HARVEST IS OVER! THE YIELD IS GREAT! PROSPERITY ABOUNDS! WINTER IS COMING!

AND NOW IS THE TIME TO TAKE

Moore's Rural New-Yorker,

THE GREAT TOWN AND COUNTRY WEEKLY!

THE RURAL is the Leading and Largest Circulating Newspaper of its Class on the Continent—superior in Value and Variety of Contents and Beauty of Appearance. It embraces more Agricultural, Horticultural, Scientific, Educational, Literary and News Matter, interspersed with Engravings, than any other Journal.—for it comprises Departments including

Agriculture,	*Choice Literature,*
Horticulture,	*Science and Art,*
Sheep Husbandry,	*Education,*
Grazing, Dairying,	*Youth's Reading,*
Rural Architecture,	*General News,*
Domestic Economy,	*Commerce, Markets,*

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS, TALES, ESSAYS, MUSIC, POETRY, RIDDLES, ENIGMAS, &c., &c.

THE RURAL NEW YORKER is a *National Journal*, circulating largely in the East and West, North and South. It EMPLOYS THE BEST TALENT in all Departments. Its Editorial Contributors, &c., comprise many of the best Farmers, Planters, Wool Growers, Graziers, Horticulturists, &c., and also Authors, Scholars &c., of notoriety and ability. In brief the RURAL is *Ably Edited, Profusely Illustrated, Neatly Printed—Practical, Scientific, Useful—Moral, Instructive and Entertaining.*

Wherever located,—in Country, Village or City,—

YOU WANT THE RURAL!

YOUR FAMILY & FRIENDS WANT IT!

For it is adapted to the wants of all. Note that it is not a monthly, but a Large and Beautiful Weekly, and that Vol. XIX will be materially enlarged!

Each No. contains Eight Double Quarto Pages, printed in extra style,—Clear Type, Good Paper, and more and better ILLUSTRATIONS than any other Journal of its Class.

TERMS—Only $3 a year: 4 copies for $10, or ten, $2.50 per copy. Vol XIX begins Jan. 4, 1868. *Now is the time to subscribe and club.* Great offers to Club Agents. Specimens, Show-bills, Premium Lists, &c. sent free; or the 13 numbers of this Quarter, (Oct. to Jan.) on trial, for only fifty cents! Address D. D. T. MOORE, Rochester, New York.

Nov. 27.–4t

THE RICHEST MAN IN THE WORLD.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM BARON SOLOMON ROTHSCHILD

Paris, 8th April, 1-64, 25 Rue Fauby, St. Honore.

Will you be kind enough to have forwarded to me here 20s. bottles of your Pain Killer. I prize it as well as at the same time the account. I will forward you the amount through Messrs. BELMONT & Co., New York.

Baron SOLOMON ROTHSCHILD was recommended to many of his friends Major LANE'S LINIMENT, and they being desirous to procure it, he should advise him to establish a depot in Paris.

THE INDIAN LINIMENT,

as a relief, ever rowly; as a killer of pain, taken inward ly, or outwardly applied, has no equal. For the relief and cure of *Rheumatic* and *Neuralgic Affections, Sprains, Bruises, &c*, it is unequalled. It is also most efficacious, taken inwardly, in the cure of *Cholera, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, &c.*, and is without exception the most *wonderful Panacea* the world affords. No family should be without it. Every TRAVELER by land or sea should have a bottle. MINERS and FARMERS residing at a distance from Physicians should keep it constantly on hand. In case of Accidents and sudden attacks of Stomach Complaints, its value cannot be estimated. Inquire for PAIN KILLER INDIAN LINIMENT, and take no other. Price, 50 cts. per bottle. For sale at wholesale and retail by Dumas Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York; Geiss & Robinson, 189 Broome st., New York; F. C. Wells & Co., 102 Fulton st., New York; Charles N. Crittenden, 58 6th Ave., New York; and by respectable druggists throughout the World. Testimonials can be assigned by JOHN TUNE. LANE, and countersigned by J. T. LANE & CO., Proprietors, 153 Broadway, New York.

☞Send for Circular. [Nov. 27.–4t

Revolution in Trade!

LADIES, you will be astonished at the value of all kinds of Goods sent by the undersigned and justly celebrated firm of GRAHAM & CO.

FOR ONLY ONE DOLLAR!

Such as Silk, Merino, and Alpaca Dresses, Shawls, Balmorals, Linen Goods, Embossed Table Covers, Waterbury Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Sewing Machines, &c. This is no Humbug, but a reality. Send your clubs of ten and upwards, for stocks describing the goods, with ten cents for each check, and the getter up of the club will receive a valuable present, worth from $1 to $200, according to number of names sent.

Agents wanted in every town. Circulars sent free.—Address, GRAHAM & CO., 64 and 66 Federal st., Boston, Mass. Nov. 27.–4t

CIRCULARS SENT FREE!!

CONTAINING Lists of Dry and Fancy Goods, Watches, Plated Ware, Cutlery, &c., &c., to be sold, ONE DOLLAR for each article. Greatest inducements ever offered. PLUMMER & MOULTON, 15 Marshall street, Boston, Mass. Nov. 27.–4t

WE ARE COMING,

And will present to any person sending us a call in our line of our Grand Sale of Dry and Fancy Goods, &c., a Silk Dress Pattern, Piece of Sheeting, Watch, &c., free of cost. Catalogue of goods, and sample, sent to any address free. Address, C. S. HAWES & CO., 20 Hanover street, Boston, Mass. P. O. Box 5125. [Nov. 27.–4t

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.

THE TRUE REMEDY AT LAST DISCOVERED. UPHAM'S FRESH MEAT JUICE, prepared from the formula of Prof. Trousseau of Paris, cures Consumption, Lung Diseases, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, General Debility and all morbid conditions of the system dependent on deficiency of vital force. It is pleasant to taste, and a single bottle will convince the most skeptical of its virtue as the great healing remedy of the age. $1 a bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sent by Express. Sold by C. UPHAM, No. 28 South Eighth st., Philadelphia, and principal Druggists. Circulars sent free [Nov. 27.–4t

VASSAR COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES.

The Trustees of this Institution, desiring to extend the benefits of Mr. Vassar's munificent gift to the better education of young women, will admit, at any time in the College-year, students prepared to join College classes, charging expenses only from the date of their reception. Terms low; great facilities for education, such as Cabinets, Art Gallery, Library, Musical Conservatory, &c. For circulars containing full information, address J. N. SCHUG,

Nov. 27.–4t Poughkeepsie, New York.

$15 TO $45 PER DAY, SURE. Agents wanted everywhere, to sell our *Patent Everlasting White Wire Clothes-lines.* "Every housewife should use it"—*N. Y. Tribune.* "We have seen it used and it gives entire satisfaction."—*N. Y. Christian Advocate.* "The Patent Wire Clothes line is all it purports to be."—*N. Y. Independent.* Address the AMERICAN WIRE CO., 162 Broadway, New York. [Nov. 27.–4t

WE STILL LIVE!

DON'T be humbugged by Impostors or "patent" *cast iron or metal cap* "Stencil tools." Send for our New Catalogue of IMPROVED STENCIL DIES, 20 varieties *all of Steel*, carefully finished and tempered.

Nov. 27.–4t S. M. SPENCER & CO., Brattleboro, Vt.

EXCELSIOR DIALOGUES, consisting of New and Original first-class dramas, colloquies, &c., for advanced speakers in Schools, Exhibition-rooms and private theatricals. Every family should have this book, by a corps of Professional Teachers and writers. Acknowledged to be the best work of the kind ever published. Cloth, nearly 400 closely printed pages, price $1.75, mailed free. Address F. GARRETT & CO., Publishers, 702 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

Nov. 27, 1867.–1m

STANDARD MILLING MACHINES—OF IMPROVED CONSTRUCTION, great power, large capacity, unrivaled convience of adjustment, &c., in mills, with and without extra jaw, and sizes of all sizes, for heavy and light work. Send to UNION VISE COMPANY, of Boston, Mass., for illustrated circular. For sale by dealers in hardware and machinery.

Nov. 27.–4t

$10 A DAY MADE BY ANY ONE, with our Patent Stencil Tools. I prepay samples free Beware of infringers. My circulars will explain. Address A. J. FULLAM, Springfield, Vermont.

WANTED—AN AGENT—One chance in each town worthy the attention of an active business man, to take the agency for the sale of BRADERBURN'S RUBBER MOULDING AND WEATHER STRIPS, applied to the sides, bottom, top and centre of doors and windows. The sale is beyond anything ever offered before to an agent, and from $10 to $25 per day can be made. Send for agents' circular. The first who apply secure a bargain. Terms for Moulding, cash. J. R. BRADSTREET & CO.,

Nov. 27–4t Boston, Mass.

WANTED!

200 FARMERS!

To engage in a light and honorable business for the winter months, in the vicinity where they reside, which will net them from $50 to $150 per month.

☞*Not per*. cular apply to or address PARMELEE BROS., 722 Sansom st., Philadelphia, Pa. [Nov. 27.–4t

IT IS THE BEST CHANCE EVER OFFERED TO AGENTS!

One or two days' time will secure a good *Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Accordeon*, or some other article of equal value, FREE OF COST.

Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, for the best One Dollar Pawbroker's Sale in the country. Send for circular. S. C. THOMPSON & CO.,

No. 27–4t 30 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.

WANTED.—100 Farmers to engage in a business that will pay from $100 to $150 per month from now until Spring. Address JOMES BROS. & CO., Philadelphia. Nov. 27, 1867.–3m

New Advertisements.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD CO.

Seven per cent. interest, February and August.

These Bonds cover a Road of 91 miles finished from St. Louis to Pilot Knob, and in first class order, and an extension of about the same length from Pilot Knob to Belmont, now rapidly constructing; for which the proceeds of these bonds are to be used, making a through-route from St. Louis to New Orleans by rail. The earnings of the 91 miles are $500,000 a year; the net profits now are sufficient to pay the interest on the entire amount of bonds, were they all issued. The basis of security is believed to be beyond that of any other bonds now offered. Apply at the office of the Company, No. 43 Wall st., to H. G. MARQUAND, Vice President, or to CLARK, DODGE & Co., corner of Wall and William sts., New York City. Nov. 27–4t

CENTURY TOBACCO.

$100 PACKED IN THIS BRAND DAILY.

Mondays, One $100 Note.
Tuesdays, Two Fifties.
Wednesdays, Five Twenties.
Thursdays, Ten Tens.
Fridays, Twenty Fives.
Saturdays, Fifty Twos.

☞WE HAVE NOT DISCONTINUED, nor do we intend to cease packing $100 DAILY in PAPERS of CENTURY TOBACCO, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

☞We are making the CUT TOBACCO manufactured by P. & G. LORILLARD, 16, 18 & 20 Chambers st., New York. manufactured. Sold by all respectable jobbers. [Nov. 27.–4t

THE PAPER FOR THE MILLION!—THE AMERICAN FARMER, the Practical Farmer's Own Paper, the cheapest and the best Agricultural and Horticultural Journal in America. Beautifully illustrated with numerous Engravings of Farm Buildings, Animals, Fruits and Flowers.

Now is the time to subscribe for the year 1868.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

Agents wanted everywhere. For Club Price List of valuable Prizes open to all, &c., address JOHN TURNER, Publisher and Proprietor, Rochester, New York. Nov. 27.–4t

MADAM FOY'S

CORSET SKIRT SUPPORTER

COMBINES in one garment a PERFECT FITTING CORSET, and the most desirable Skirt Supporter ever offered the public. It places the weight of the skirts upon the shoulders instead of the hips, improves the form without tight lacing; gives ease and elegance; is approved and recommended by physicians. Sold at ladies' fancy goods stores generally, and at wholesale at D. B. SAUNDERS & Co.,

98 Summer st., Boston, and 28 Walker st., New York.

Also, by HENRY C. MOORE, 429 Market street Philadelphia, and SCELLMANN, HINRICHS & Co., 21 Hanover street, Baltimore, Md. Nov. 27.–4t

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY, AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Cadwa Dolley's); also some of THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET, among which are the OLD DOMINION, COMPROMISE, PENNSYLVANIA, NOBLE COOK, ECONOMIST, BARLEY SHEAF, &c.

Also, many other articles for kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

April 12, 1866. S. G. COOK.

Stoves, Tin-Ware, &c., &c.

THE public are invited to call and examine my immense stock of goods

IN THE STOVE LINE:

Waverly, Noble Cook, Royal Cook, Barley Sheaf, Orient-al, Stewart's Cook, Ornamental, Excelsior, Prince Royal and the Emerald Cooking Stoves, all for coal or wood.—These varieties are a selection from the best and most popular Cooking Stoves the market affords, and are all warranted to give entire satisfaction. Also, a very large variety of Parlor, Sitting Room and Store Stoves, including the celebrated Morning Glory, the Canadian, Oval Meteor, Round Meteor, Dial, Violet, Gem, Baguley, Comet, Vase, New Era, Parlor Cook, &c., &c., and Fire Brick and Grates, for coal or wood, always on hand.

IN THE TIN-WARE LINE:

The assortment embraces everything necessary for kitchen or household purposes, including a large number of convenient and cheap articles of new design which must be seen to be appreciated. The stock is so large and varied that those who have visited the establishment, speak in terms of astonishment at the extent of its assortment. In addition to the ordinary kitchen utensils, it includes Batting Vessels, Toilet Chamber Sets, plain and fancy, Chamber Buckets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Deed Boxes, Spittoons, Tumbler Drainers, Bill-head Boxes, Waiters, Ale Carriers, Foot Stoves, Stove Cap Lifters, Nurse Lamps, Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Patent Nutmeg Graters, Comb Cases, Gen. Grant Plates and A B C Plates, Dish Buckets, Flour Sieves, Match Safes, Spout Heads, Coffee Mills, Lanterns, Bastig g Spoons, Large Forks, Candle Sticks, Candle Moulds, Copper Bippers, Wrought-iron Frying Pans, Smoothing Irons, Foot Scrapers, Coffee Roasters, Waffled Irons, Snuffers, Dinner and Auction-or Bells, Egg Beaters, Oilers, Fluted Funnels, Candle Moulds, Glass Lop Fruit Cans, Plain Top Fruit Cans, Self-sealing Jars, &c., &c. Tin-ware made to order, and repairing promptly attended to, by the best of workmen.

IN THE HOLLOW-WARE LINE:

Cast-iron Pots, of every size and variety, for stoves, Porcelain Kettles, for cooking and preserving, Tin-lined Kettles, for cider, Cast-iron Sauce Pans, of every size and variety, Porcelain and tinned, with a thousand and one other articles impossible to enumerate in an advertisement.

Attention is specially directed to three valuable patents for which he is agent, and about which there is no humbug, as can be attested by scores who have used them, viz: THE UNIVERSAL CLOTHES-WRINGER, BOTTY'S WASHING MACHINE, and the celebrated DIAMOND CHURN.

The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices. He guarantees to sell everything in his line at the lowest possible figures. Come and see, and satisfy your curiosity, if you don't buy anything. No trouble to show goods.

July 3, 1867.–tf C. H. BUEHLER.

Lines of Travel.

GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.

On and after Wednesday, November 6th, 1867, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Getty-burg, and connect at Hanover Junction as follows:

FIRST PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 8 15, A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10 15, A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12 30 P. M., also with the Mail Train North, which arrives at Harrisburg at 12 55 P. M.

SECOND PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1 20, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3 30, and connecting with Mail train South. Arrive in Baltimore at 5 10, P. M., and at Gettysburg at 3 30 P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and the North and West and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the Fast Line North, which leaves Hanover at 12 10, noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail train, at 8 20 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 1 40, P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the Fast Line at 12 10, noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 5 40, P. M. But one change of cars either way, viz: at Hanover Junction.

R. McCURDY, Sup't.

Dec. 4, 1867.

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD,

TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, May 6th, 1867, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN

(which makes connection with the trains on the North ern Central railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9.00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations. This train arrives at the Junction at 9.55 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, which arrives at Baltimore at 12 30 P. M., also with the Mail Train North, which arrives at Harrisburg at 12.55 P. M

☞This train returns to Hanover at 12 M. and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN

Leaves Hanover at 2.20 P. M. and arrives at the Junction at 3.10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 5 P. M. Passengers by this Train for Yorkliy over at the Junction until 6.12 P. M.

☞This Train returns to Hanover at 4 P. M., with passengers for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 8.30 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M.

May. 20, 1867. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

November 25, 1867.

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3.00, 5.25 and 9.10 A. M., and 2.05 and 9.35 P. M., connecting with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, and arriving at New York at 5.10 and 10.15 and 11.50 A. M., and 3.40 and 9.30 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompanying the 3.00 A. M. and 9.35 P. M. Trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia, at 8.10 A. M. and 2.50 and 4.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal Way Stations; the 4.10 P. M. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 3.55 P. M.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 Noon and 5.00 and 9.00 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M. and Reading (Mine Hill) at 5.30 P. M., stopping at all Stations; Pottsville at 5.45 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; Ashland 6.00 A. M. and 12.10 noon, and 2.00 P. M.; Tamaqua at 6.30 A. M., and 1.00 and 5.45 P. M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road at 7.10 A. M and 12.00 noon.

Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7.30 A. M. returning from Philadelphia at 4.00 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6.45 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.00 P. M.

Columbia Rail Road Trains leave Reading at 7.00 A. M., and 6.15 P. M. for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

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